☞ EXPERIMENT PRINCIPLE

- Consider the sequential transitions(Figure 1).
- Introduce the T-violation amplitude:

$$A = \langle \hat{p}_e \bullet (\hat{p}_1 \times \hat{p}_2) \rangle$$

if no T-violation, A is 0; if A is not 0, there is T-violation.

(by T.D. Lee)

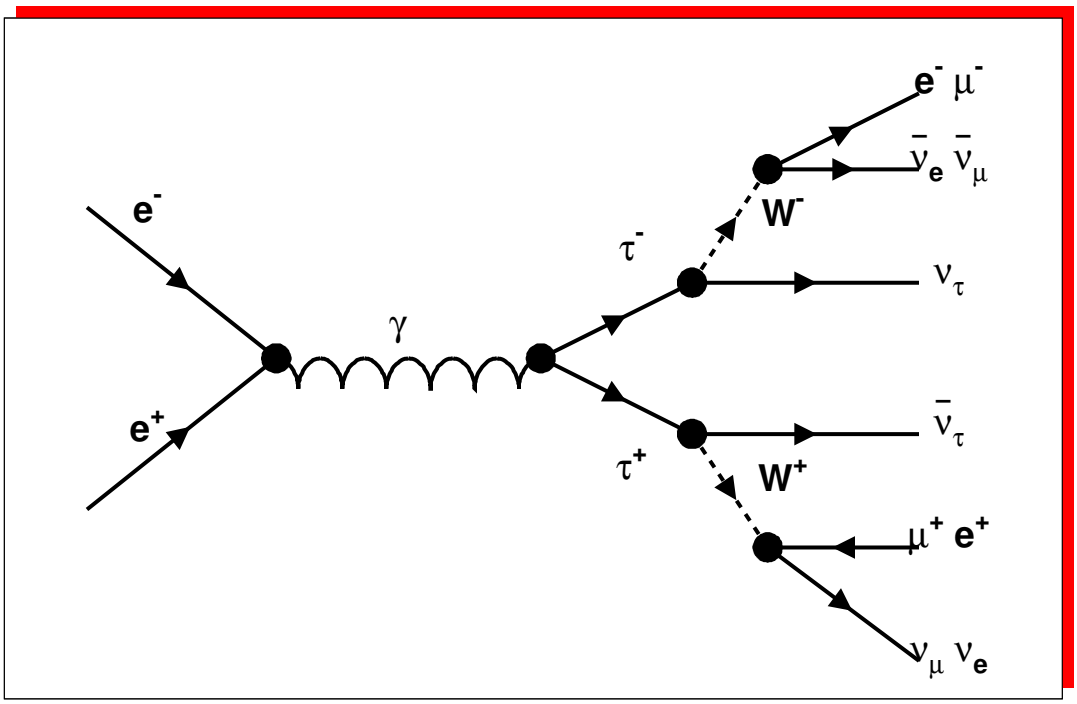

Figure 1