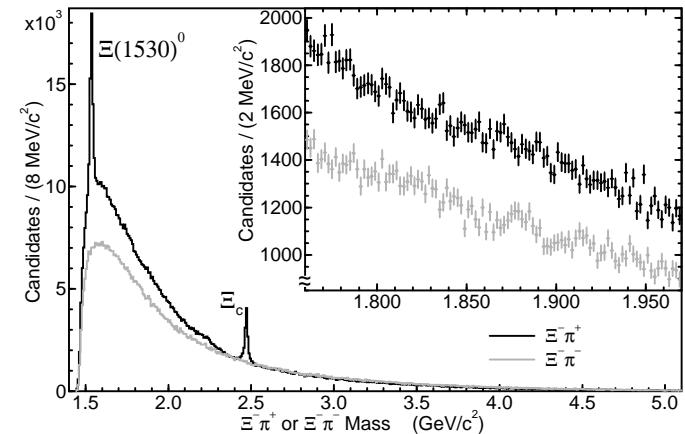
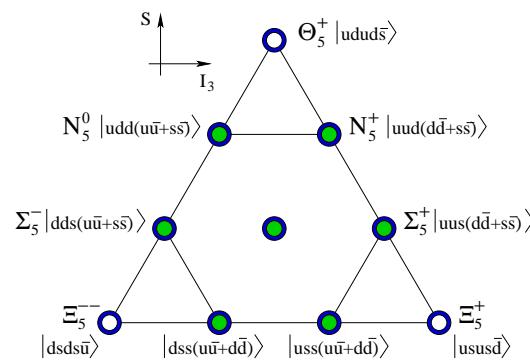
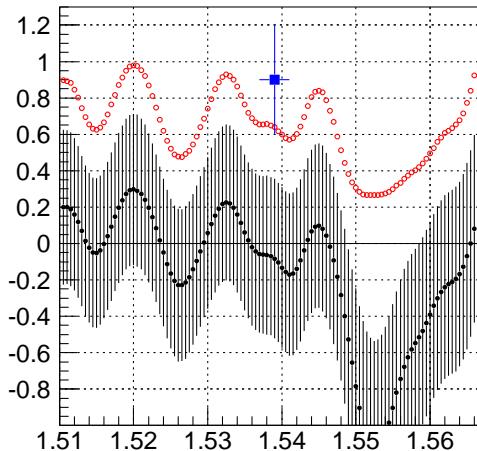


Searches for pentaquarks at the B-factories

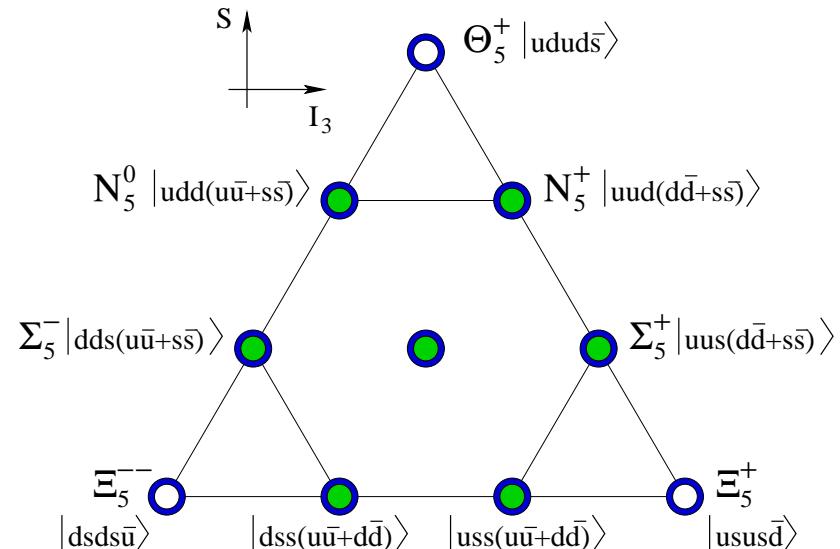


Bruce Yabsley (University of Sydney)

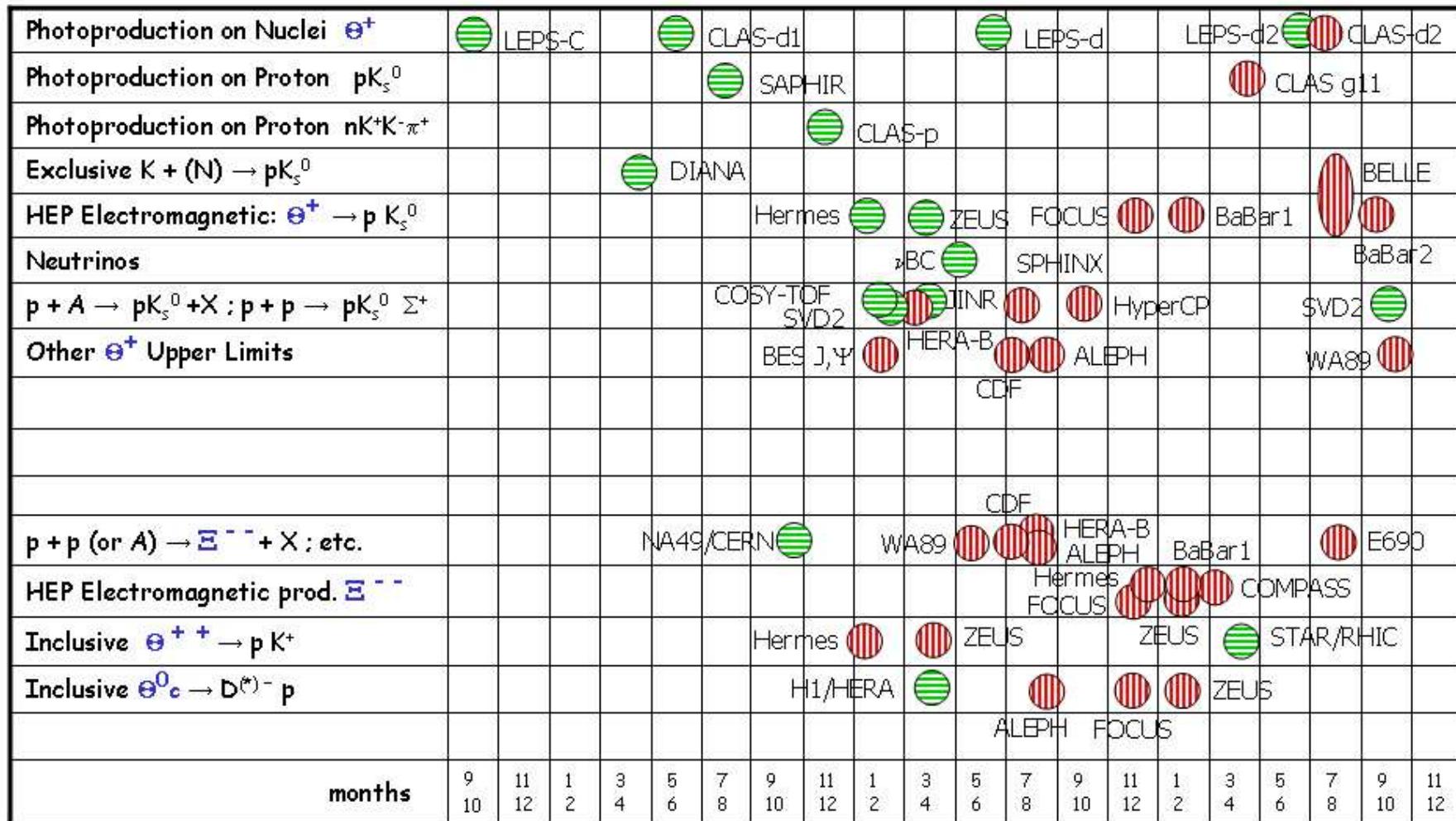
<http://belle.kek.jp/~yabsley/>

Charm 2006 International Workshop on Tau-Charm Physics
IHEP Beijing, 6th June 2006

- it is ‘not obvious’ that $q\bar{q}$ and $q\bar{q}q$ are the only bound states
- there have long been (negative) searches for pentaquarks $qqqq\bar{q}$
- interest revived by D. Diakonov, V. Petrov, M. Polyakov,
 $Z. Phys. A 359$, 305 (1997) [not uncontroversial . . .]
- new states predicted in a $\overline{10}$, 8, . . .
- narrow (!) Θ^+ seen by
 - LEPS: $\gamma C \rightarrow (n) K^+ K^- X$
 - DIANA: $K^+ Xe \rightarrow K_S^0 p X$
 - “everyone” . . .
- $\Xi_5^{--}, 0 \rightarrow \Xi^- \pi^+$ seen in
 $p p @ 160 \text{ GeV}/c$ by NA49
- Θ_c^0 and other claims . . .



a bandwagon effect was clearly present ([arXiv:nucl-ex/0512042](https://arxiv.org/abs/nucl-ex/0512042))



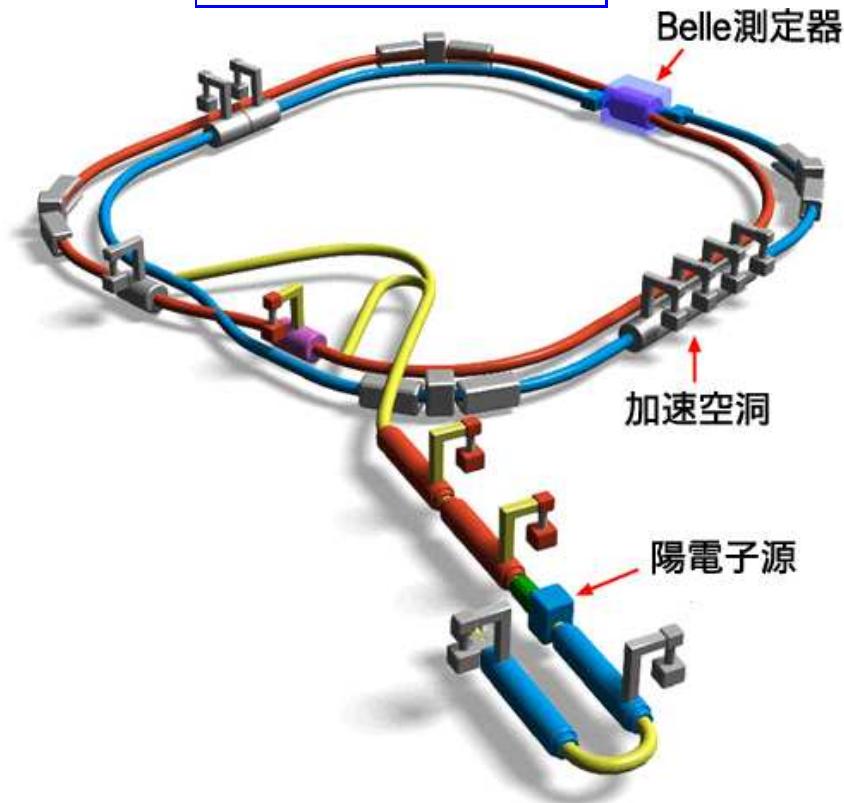
2002

2003

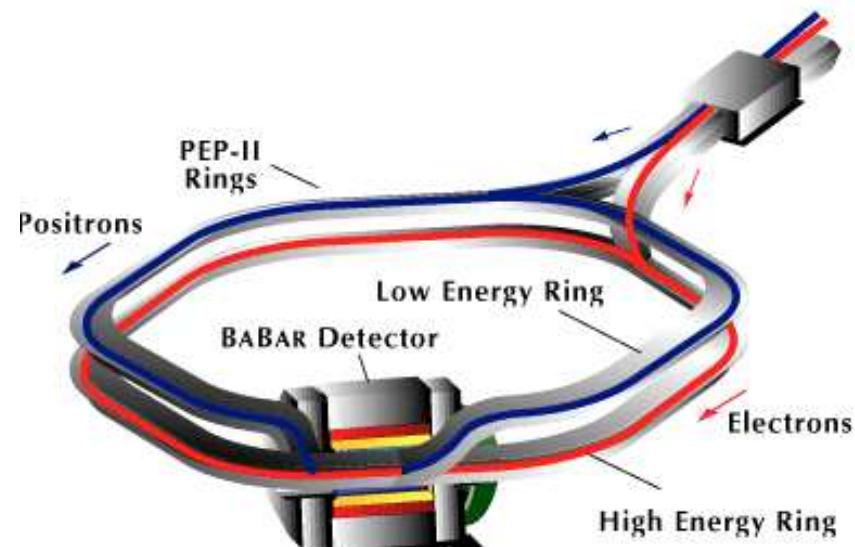
2004

2005

KEKB / Belle



PEP-II / BaBar



$\mathcal{L} > 16 \text{ nb}^{-1}/\text{s}$ at peak

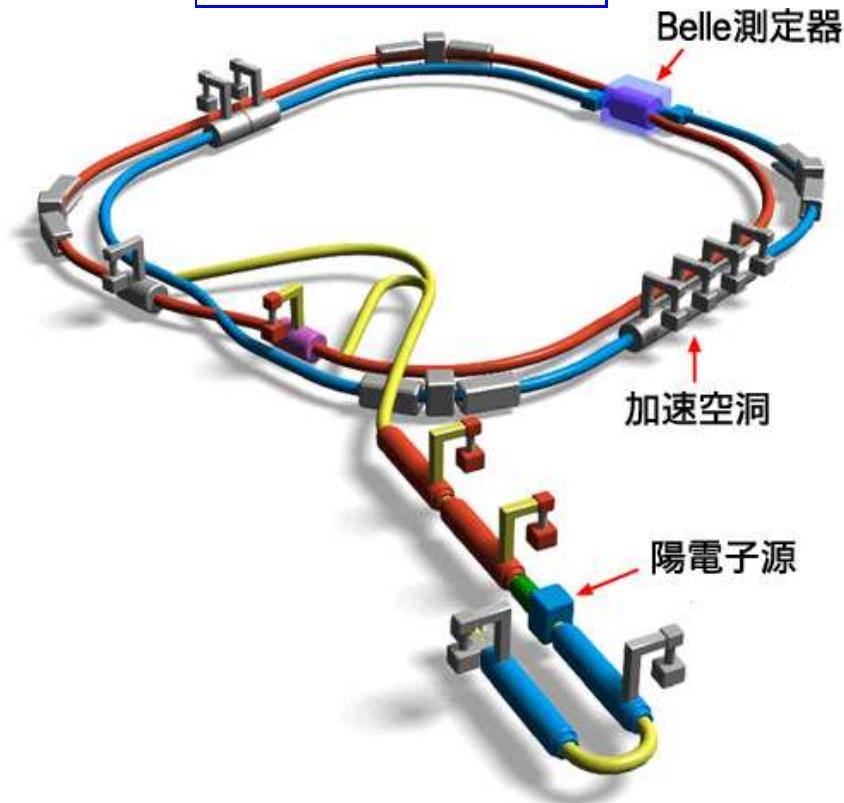
$\int \mathcal{L} dt > 600 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ on tape

$\mathcal{L} > 10 \text{ nb}^{-1}/\text{s}$ at peak

$\int \mathcal{L} dt > 348 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ on tape

high-acceptance solenoidal detectors (1.5 T), with good K/π & e, μ ID

KEKB / Belle

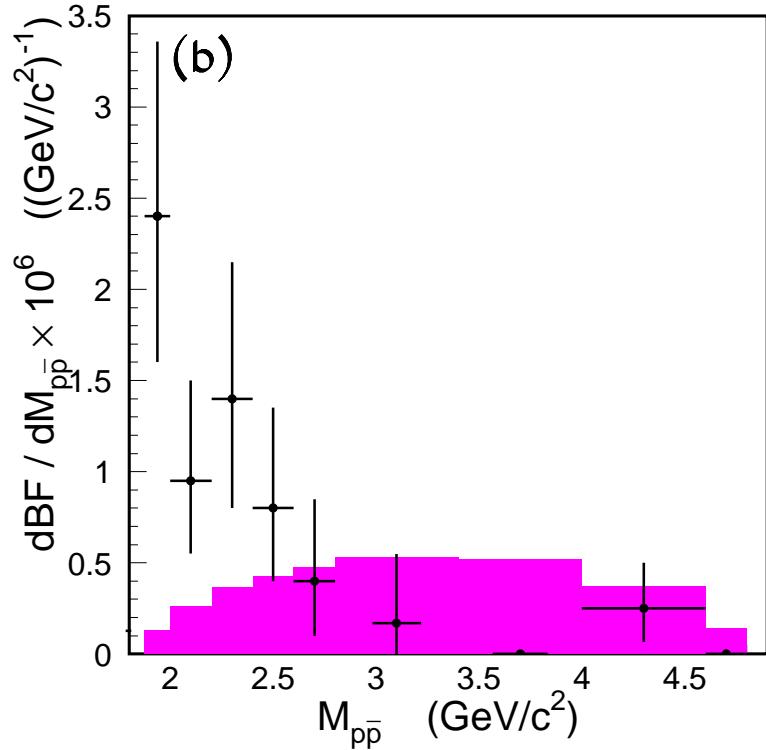


PEP-II / BaBar

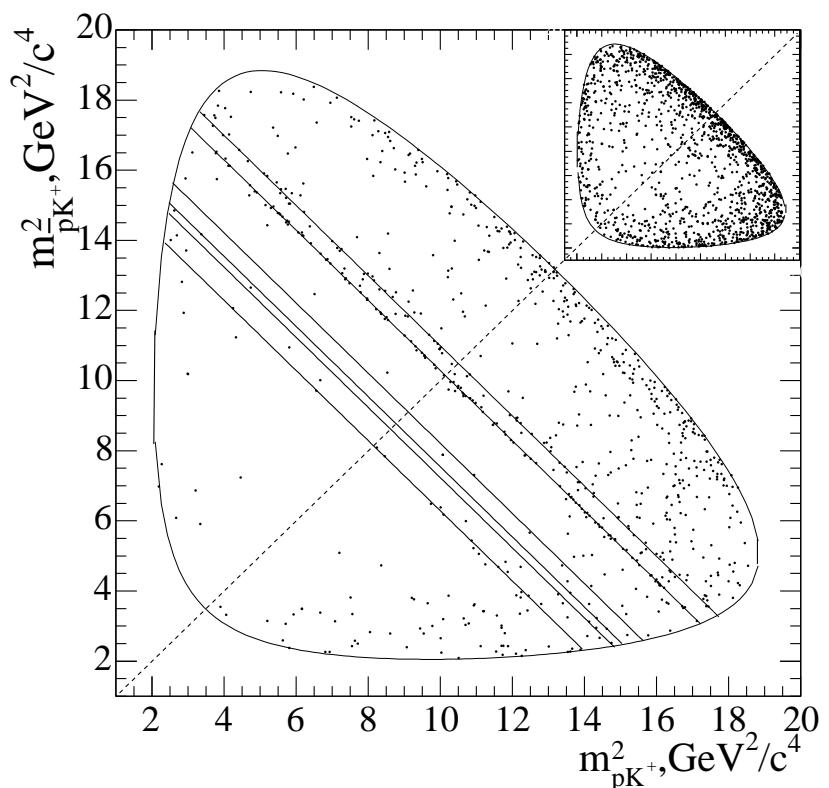
 $\mathcal{L} > 16 \text{ nb}^{-1}/\text{s}$ at peak $\int \mathcal{L} dt > 600 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ on tape $\mathcal{L} > 10 \text{ nb}^{-1}/\text{s}$ at peak $\int \mathcal{L} dt > 348 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ on tapehigh-acceptance solenoidal detectors (1.5 T), with good K/π & e, μ ID

while studying remarkable $B \rightarrow p\bar{p}K$ decay structure:

Belle: $B^0 \rightarrow p\bar{p}K_S^0$



low- $M(p\bar{p})$ enhancement
[cf. phase-space]
also seen in $p\bar{\Lambda}$

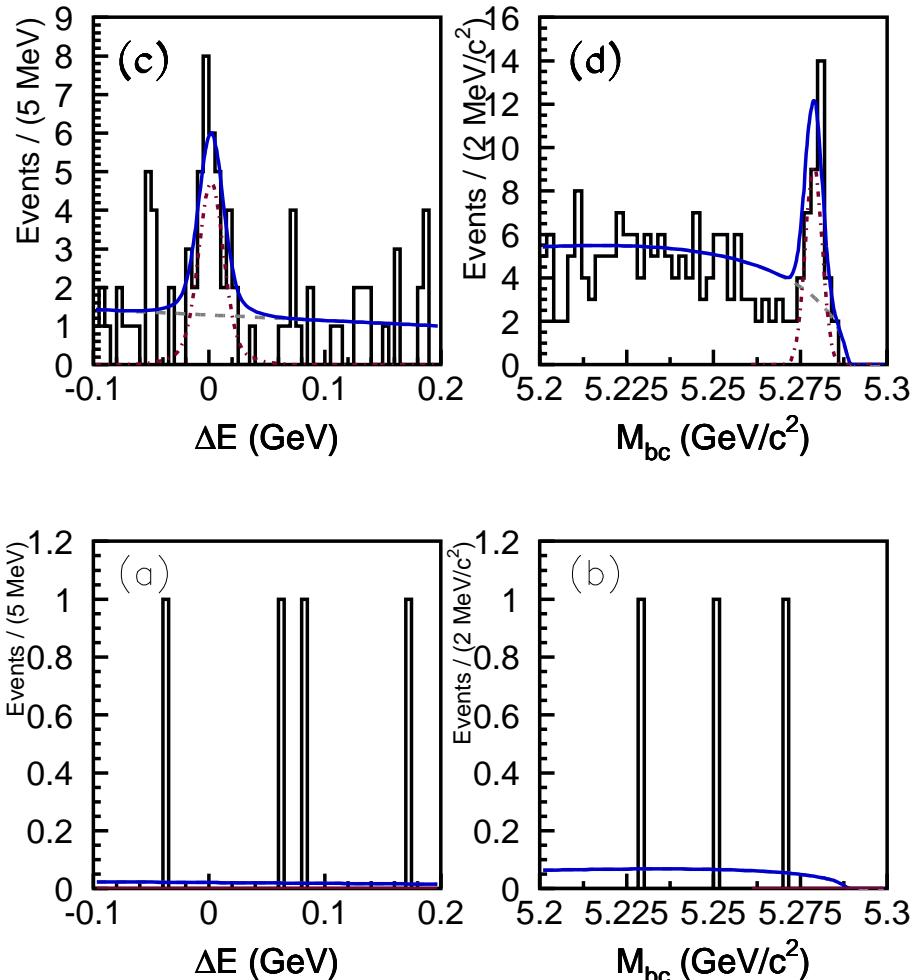


confirms the enhancement
N.B. charmonium vetoes needed
N.B. structure also in sideband

$\Theta^+, \Theta^{*++} \rightarrow pK$

M.-Z. Wang *et al.* (Belle), *PLB 617*, 141 (2005)

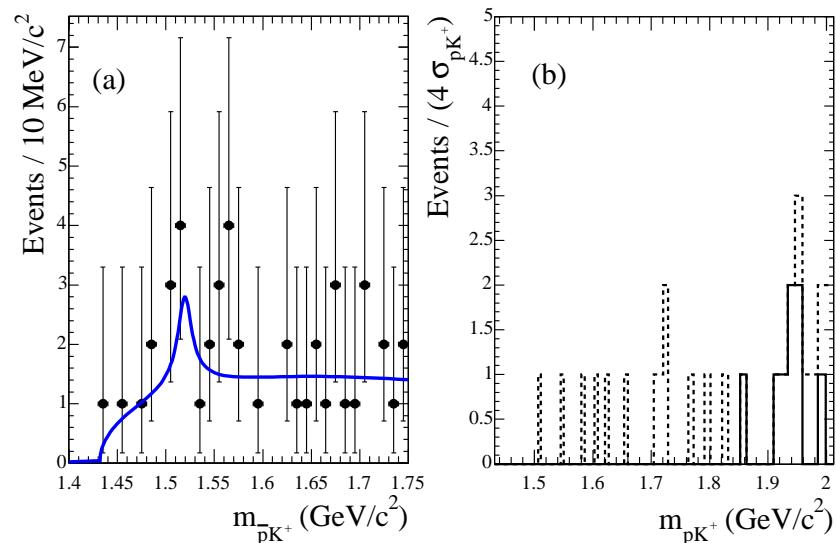
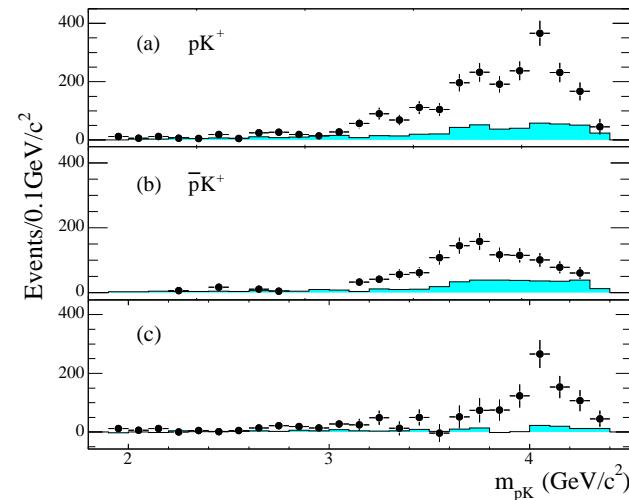
- standard skim, PID, $q\bar{q}$ suppression
- $B^+ \rightarrow p\bar{p}K^+$, $B^0 \rightarrow p\bar{p}K_S^0$, $p\bar{\Lambda}\pi^-$; $p\bar{p}K_S^0$ shown here →
- charmonium veto: reject if
 $M(p\bar{p}) \in (2.850, 3.128) \text{ GeV}/c^2$,
 $M(p\bar{p}) \in (3.315, 3.735) \text{ GeV}/c^2$
- UML fit in $M(p\bar{p})$ bins
- significant B-yield (all modes)
for $M(p\bar{p}) < 2.85 \text{ GeV}/c^2$
- nothing for $(1.53, 1.55) \text{ GeV}/c^2$
- $\mathcal{B}(B^0 \rightarrow \Theta^+\bar{p}) \times \mathcal{B}(\Theta^+ \rightarrow pK_S^0) < 2.3 \times 10^{-7}$ @ 90% C.L.
- for $\Theta^{*++} \rightarrow pK^+$: $< 0.9 \times 10^{-7}$



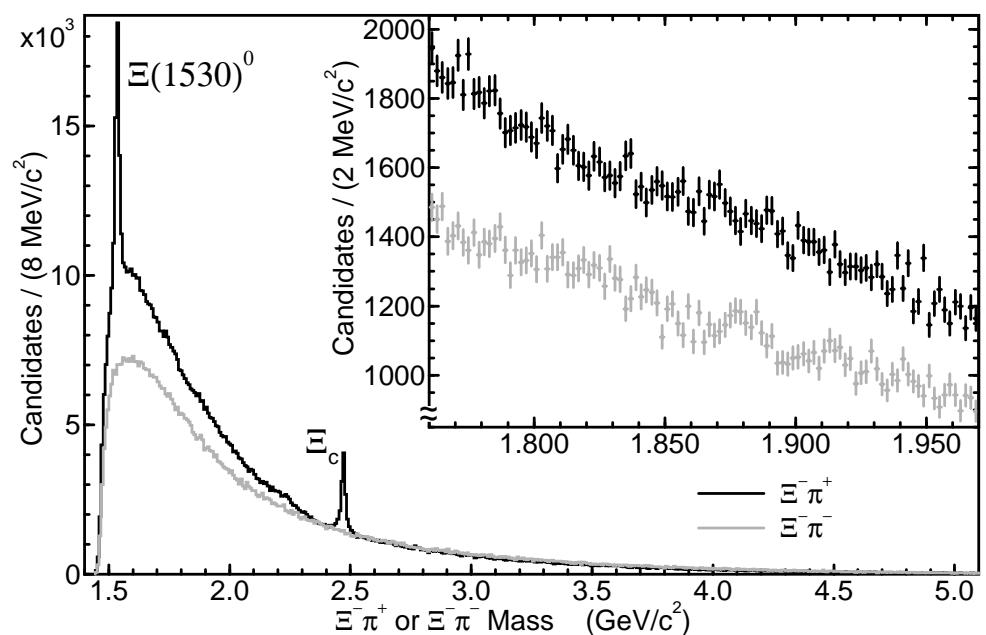
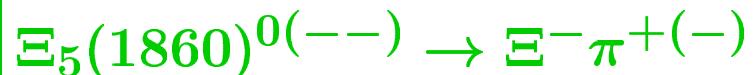
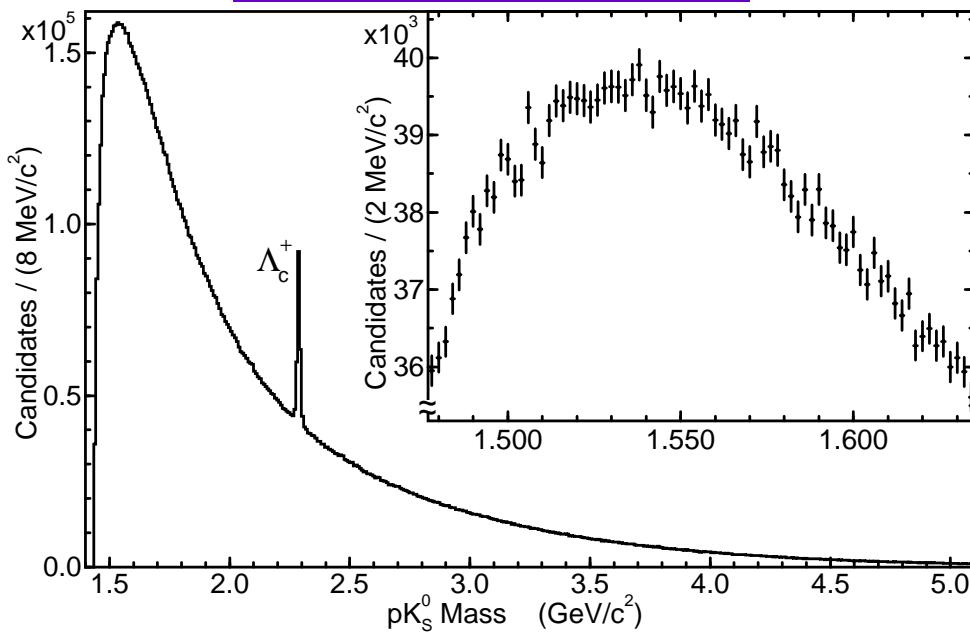
$\Theta^{*++} \rightarrow pK^+$

B. Aubert *et al.* (BaBar), PRD 72, 051101 (2005)

- comparable analysis method . . .
- . . . & low $M(p\bar{p})$ yield seen
- $dN/dM(pK^+) \neq dN/dM(\bar{p}K^+)$
 - favours fragmentation
 - associated $\bar{p}K^+$
 - also seen by Belle
- 90% limits on other structure
 - $\mathcal{B}(B^+ \rightarrow p\bar{\Lambda}(1520)) < 1.5 \times 10^{-6}$
 - $\mathcal{B}(B^+ \rightarrow \Theta^{*++}\bar{p}) \times \mathcal{B}(\Theta^{*++} \rightarrow pK^+) < 0.9 \times 10^{-7}$
[cf. Belle!!]



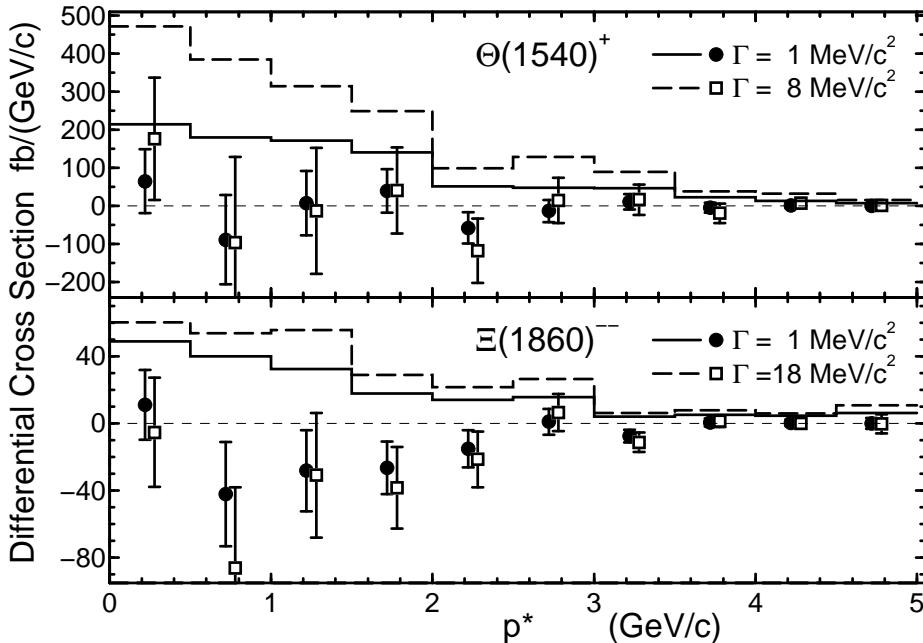
B. Aubert *et al.* (BaBar), *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **95**, 042002 (2005)



pK_S^0 consistent with prodⁿ at IP
then binned in p^* and fitted . . .

$\Xi^- \rightarrow \Lambda \pi^-$; extra π^- track $\neq \Xi^-$
(note strong $\Xi(1530)^0$ and Ξ_c^-)

B. Aubert *et al.* (BaBar), *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **95**, 042002 (2005)

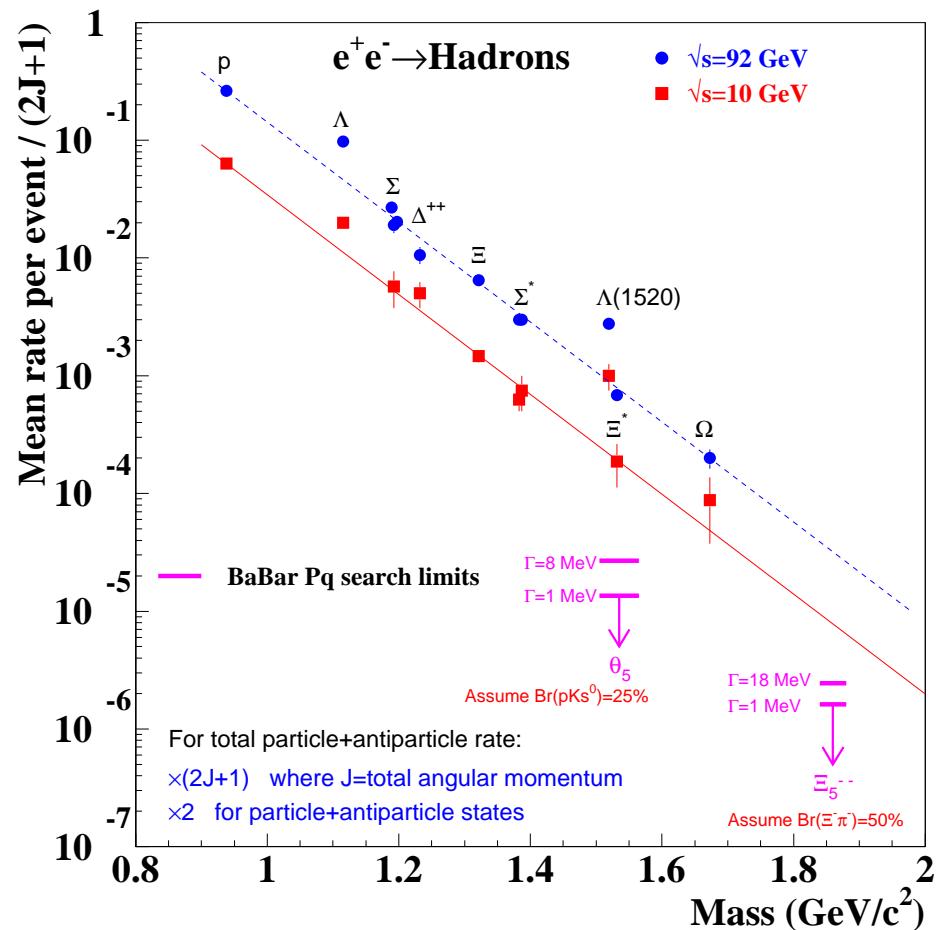


assume Γ = “narrow” (“UL”):

Θ^+ : $< 5.0(11) \times 10^{-5}/q\bar{q}$ event

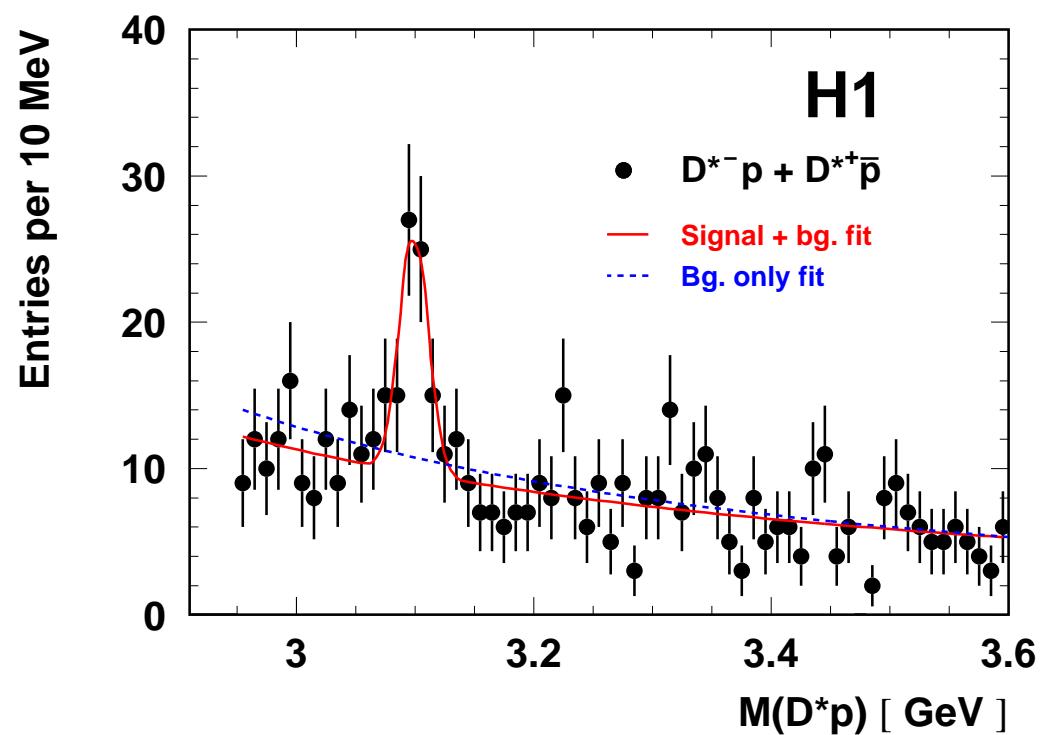
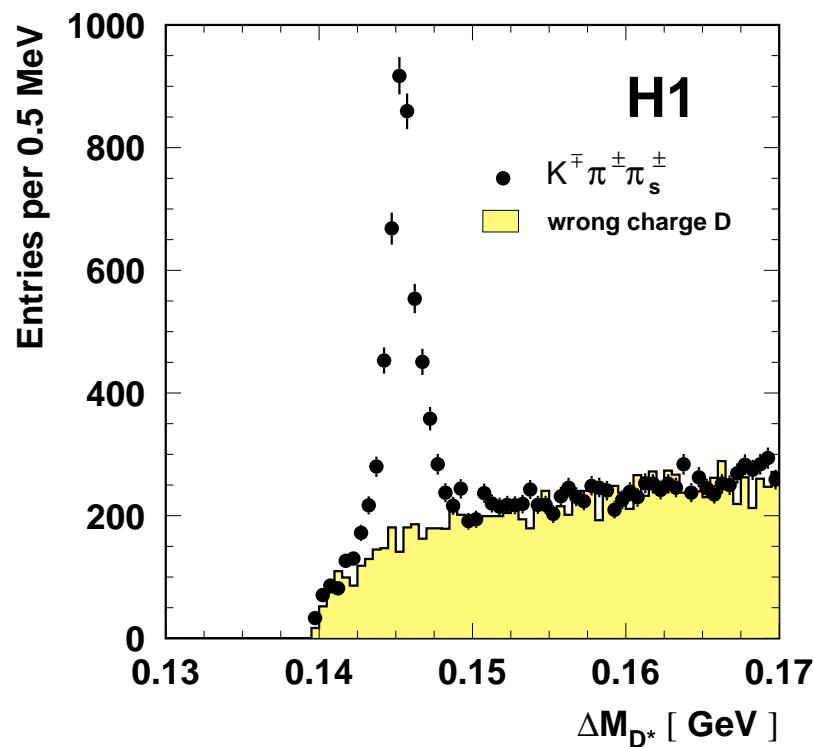
Ξ_5^{--} : $< 0.74(1.1) \times 10^{-5}/q\bar{q}$ event

factor 8 (for Θ^+) or 4 (for Ξ_5^{--}) below 8 or 10 baryon rates

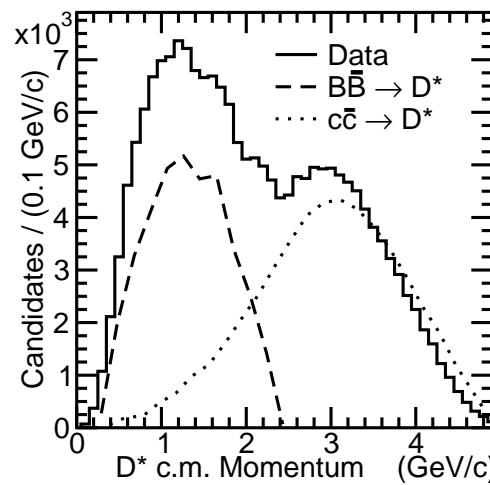
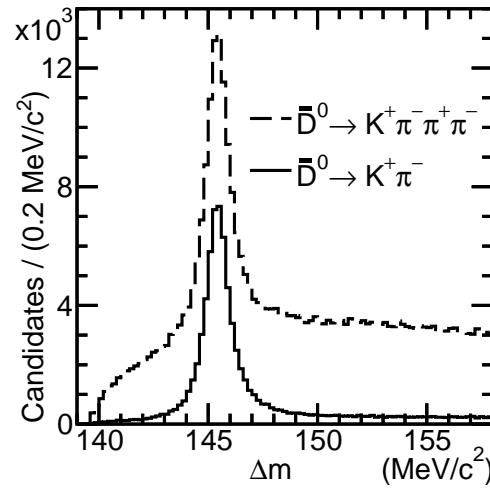


$$\Theta_c^0 \rightarrow D^{*-} p$$

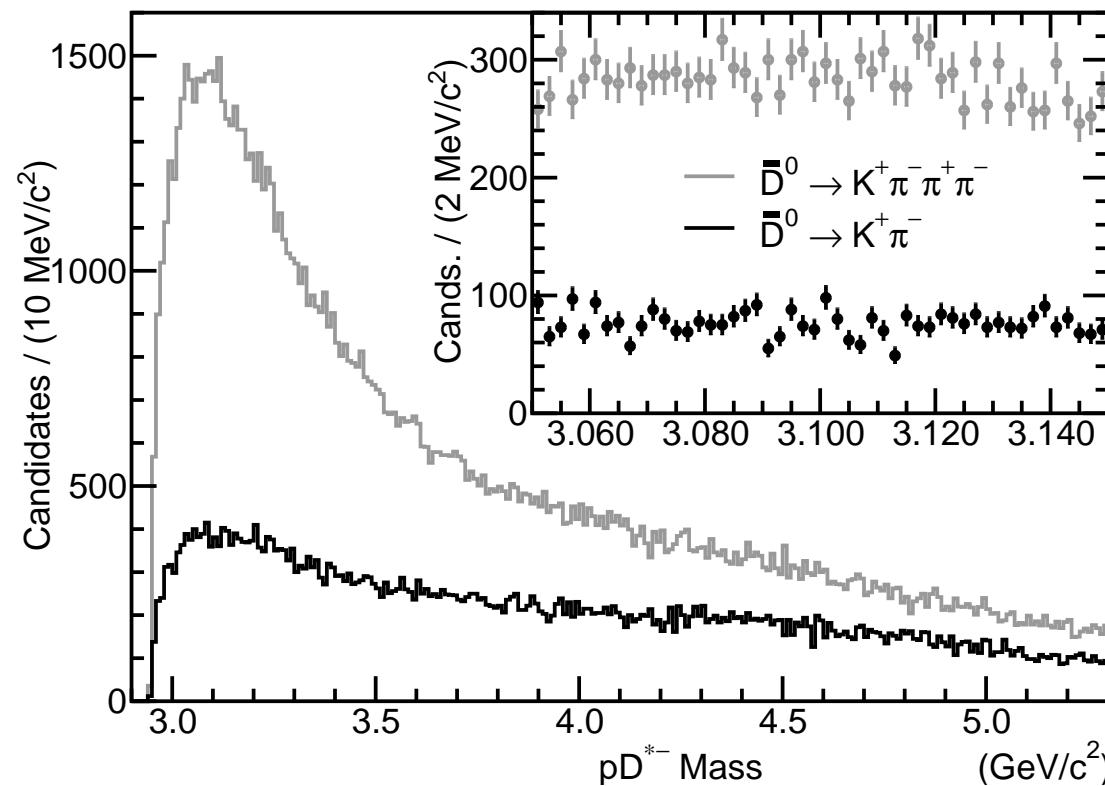
A. Aktas *et al.* (H1), *PLB* 588, 17 (2004)



$\Theta_c^0 \rightarrow D^{*-} p$

B. Aubert *et al.* (BaBar), *PRD* **73**, 091101(R) (2006)


- vtx fits to $X \rightarrow pD^{*-}$ [$\rightarrow \pi^- \bar{D}^0$ [$\rightarrow K\pi\pi$]]
- \approx clean ($K3\pi$) & v.clean ($K\pi$) samples
- featureless pD^{*-} distributions

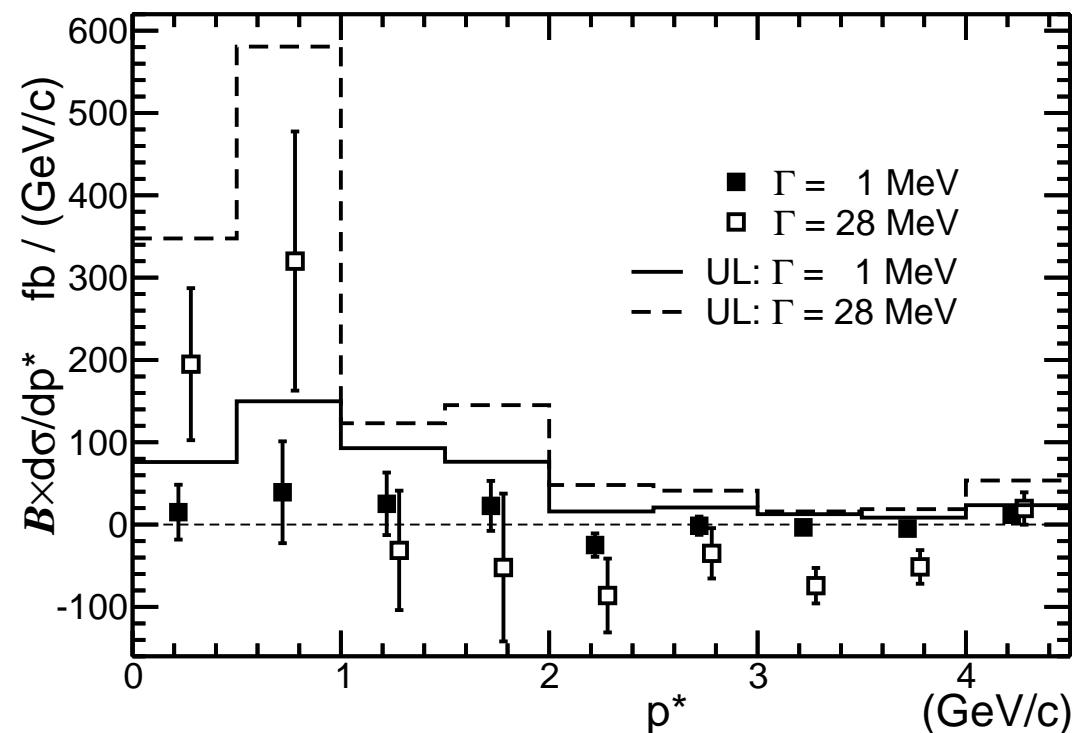


$\Theta_c^0 \rightarrow D^{*-} p$

B. Aubert *et al.* (BaBar), PRD 73, 091101(R) (2006)

fit in bins of p^* ; background higher at low p^* (per sideband)

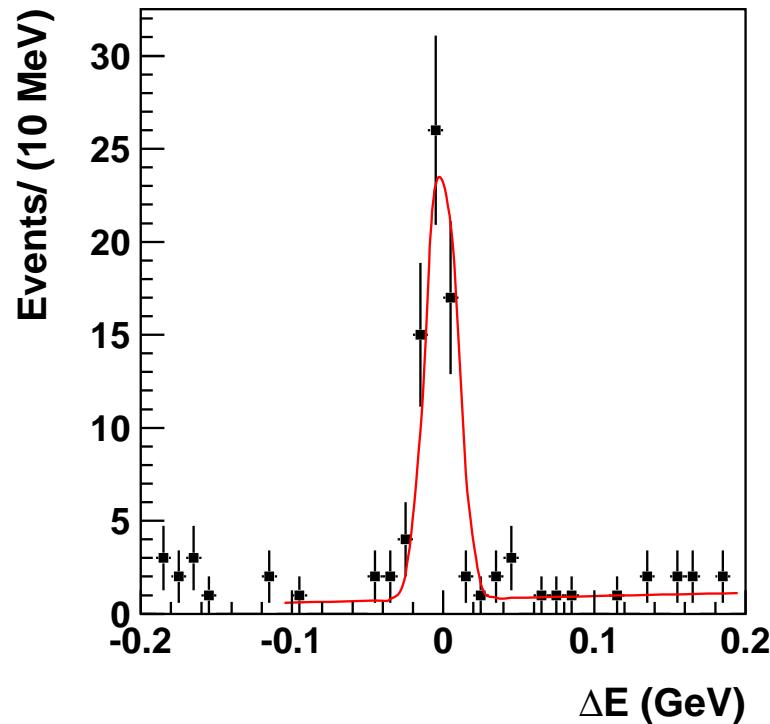
- $\mathcal{B} \times \frac{d\sigma}{dp^*}$ & 95% limits for $\Gamma =$ “narrow” (“UL”)
- integral less than $3.4(8.8) \times 10^{-5}/q\bar{q}$ event
- \exists also $c\bar{c}$, $\Upsilon(4S)$ limits
- c -frag n and B-decay samples $100\times$ H1


“[limit \approx expected rate for normal charmed baryons]”

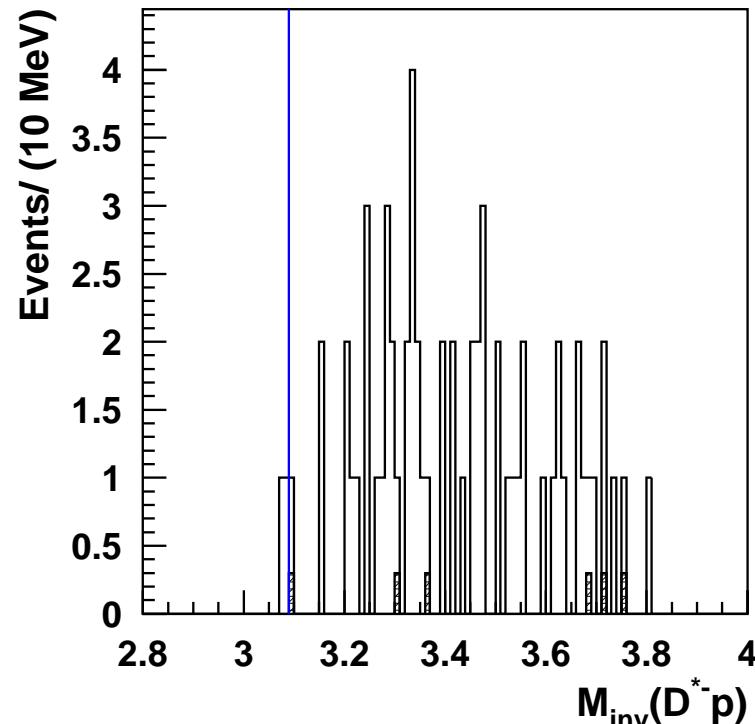
which we are now seeing in this mass range . .

Belle: exclusive B-decays, arXiv:hep-ex/0411005 *conf. prelim.*

$B^0 \rightarrow D^{*-} p \bar{p} \pi^+$ yield



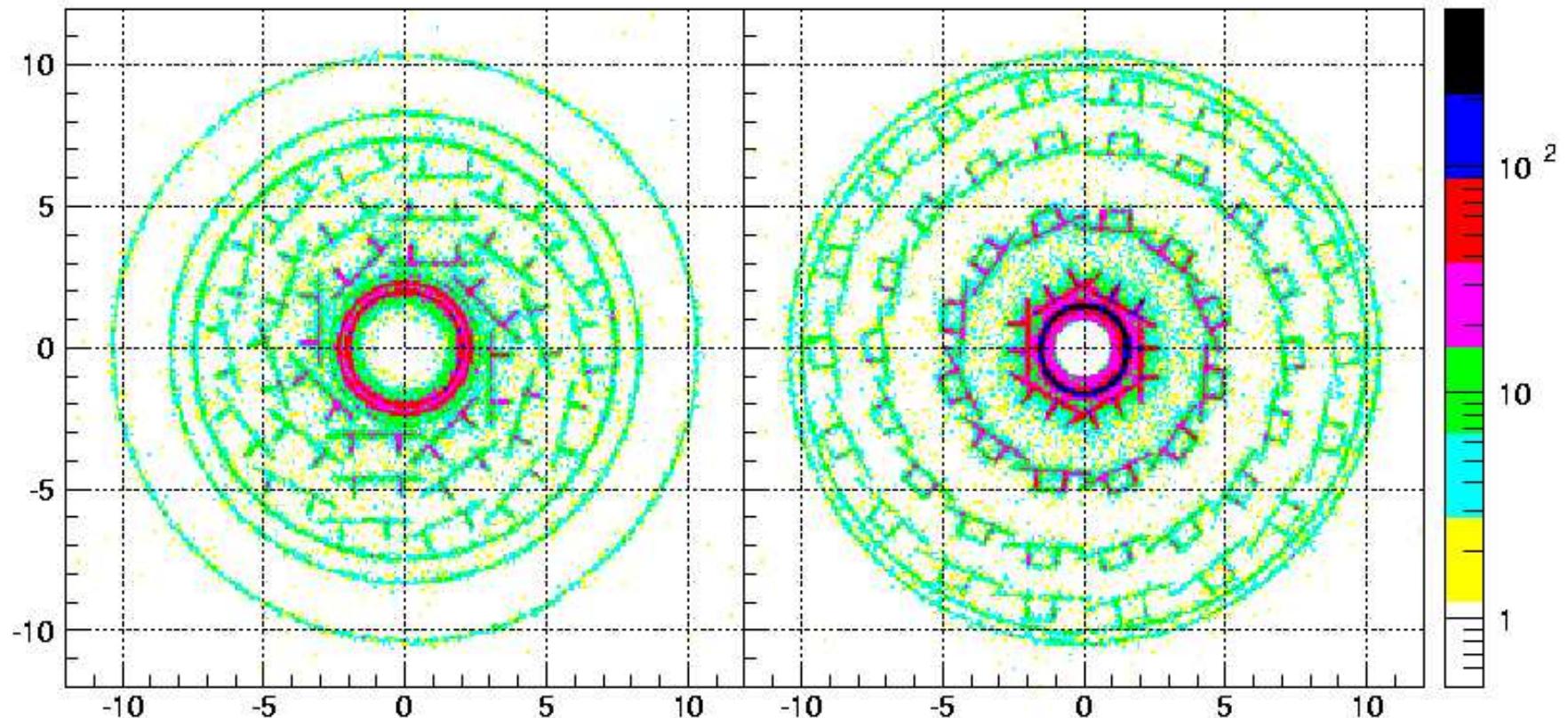
$M(D^{*-} p) \sim$ phase space



$$\frac{\mathcal{B}(B^0 \rightarrow \Theta_c^0 p \pi^+) \times \mathcal{B}(\Theta_c^0 \rightarrow D^{*-} p)}{\mathcal{B}(B^0 \rightarrow D^{*-} p \bar{p} \pi^+)} < 0.11 \text{ @ 90\%}; 0.012 \text{ for } D^- p$$

[$\Theta_c^+ \rightarrow \bar{D}^0 p$ also studied; limit < 0.059]

R. Mizuk *et al.* (Belle), *Phys. Lett. B* **632**, 173–180 (2006)

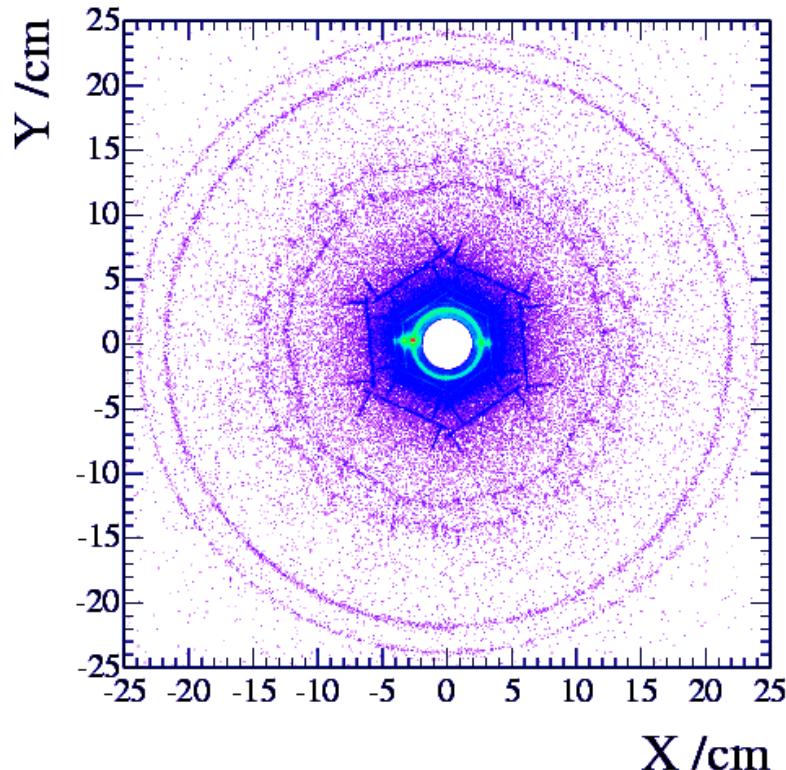


“tomography” of inner detector: pK_S^0 vertices

$\Theta^+ \rightarrow p K_S^0$

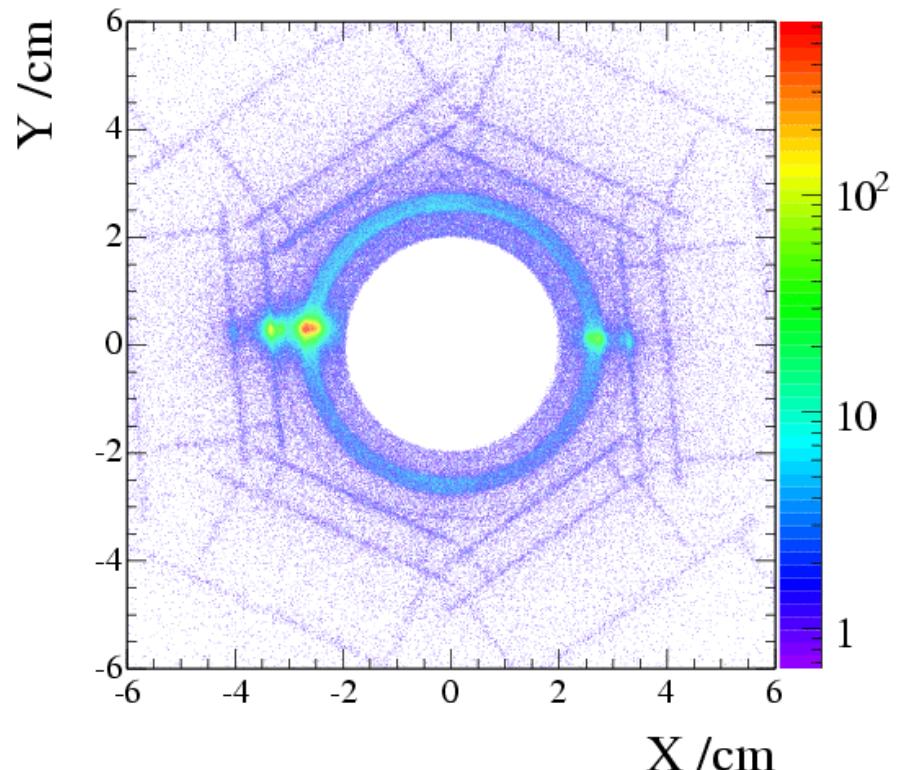
BaBar conference prelim., e.g. hep-ex/0510041

good pK_S^0 at radii > 2 cm



veto associated p , \bar{p} , d , t
no sign of the $\Theta(1540)^+$

e^- -Be in beampipe

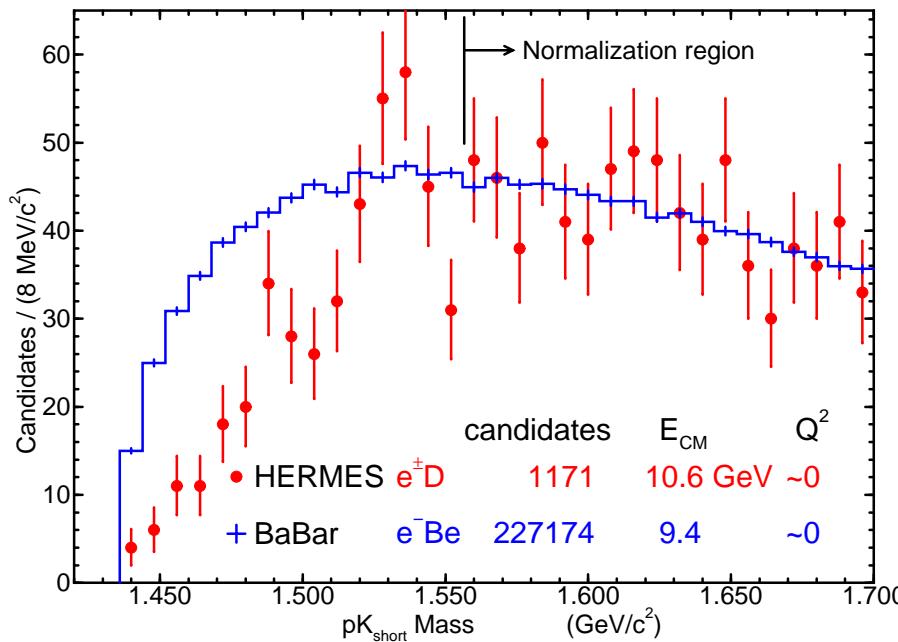


N.B. halo e^- flux unknown
compare final distributions . . .

$$\Theta^+ \rightarrow p K_S^0$$

BaBar conference prelim., e.g. hep-ex/0510041

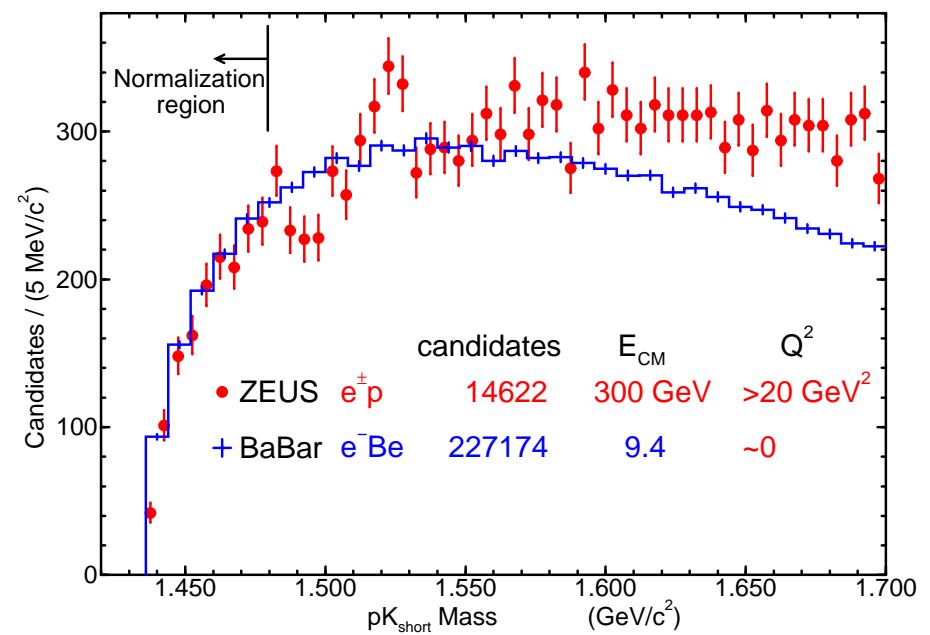
cf. HERMES $e^\pm D \rightarrow p K_S^0 X$



\sqrt{s}, Q similar; $N \gg N_{\text{HERMES}}$

N.B. low- $M(pK_S^0)$ acceptance

cf. ZEUS $e^\pm \rightarrow p K_S^0 X$

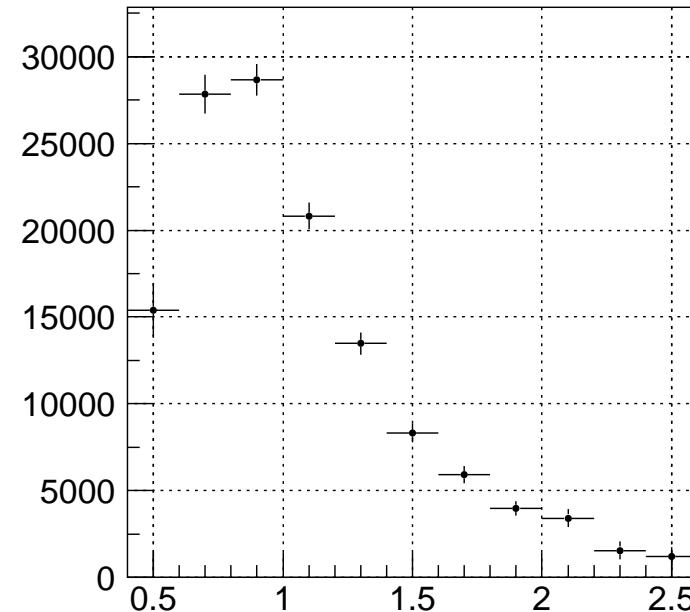
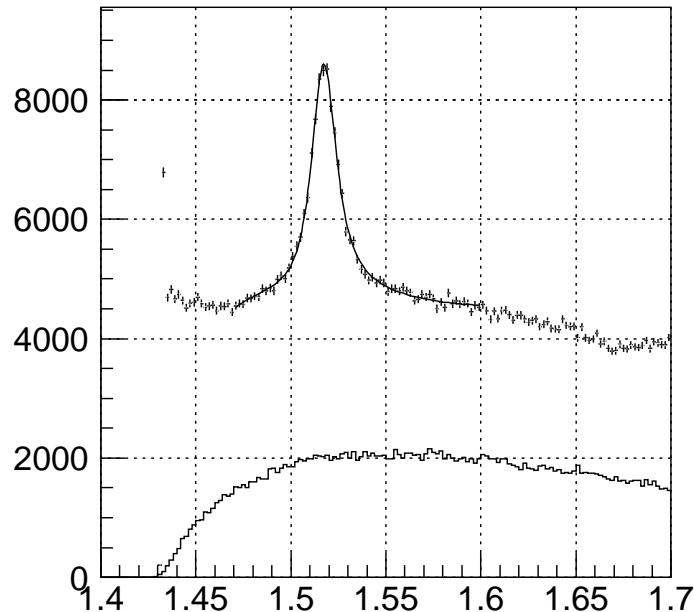


\sqrt{s}, Q v.different

what can we say . . .

$\Theta^+ \rightarrow p K_S^0$

R. Mizuk *et al.* (Belle), *PLB 632*, 173–180 (2006)

cf. $\Lambda(1520)^+ \rightarrow p K^-$; $p K_S^0 \dots ?$
 $p_\Lambda > 400 \text{ MeV}/c$: **inelastic**

good Λ fit: $(4.1 \pm 0.1) \times 10^4$ ev.

projectiles strange; mostly K

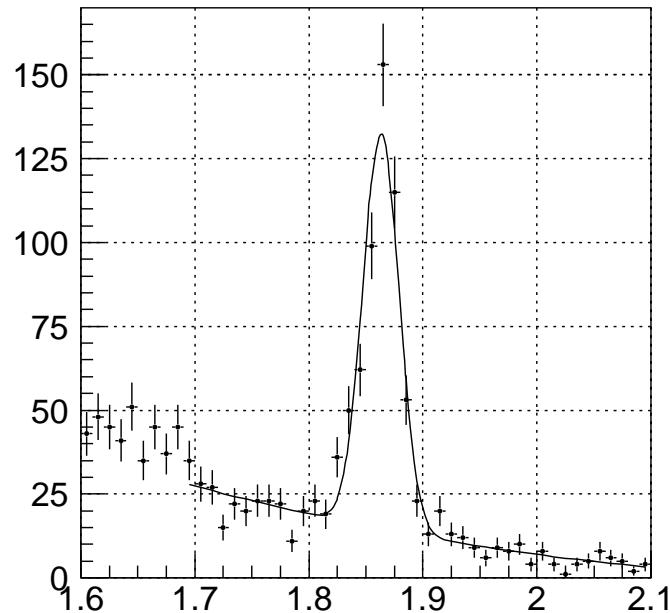
$$\sigma(\Theta(1540)^+)/\sigma(\Lambda(1520)) < 2.5\% \text{ at } 90\%$$

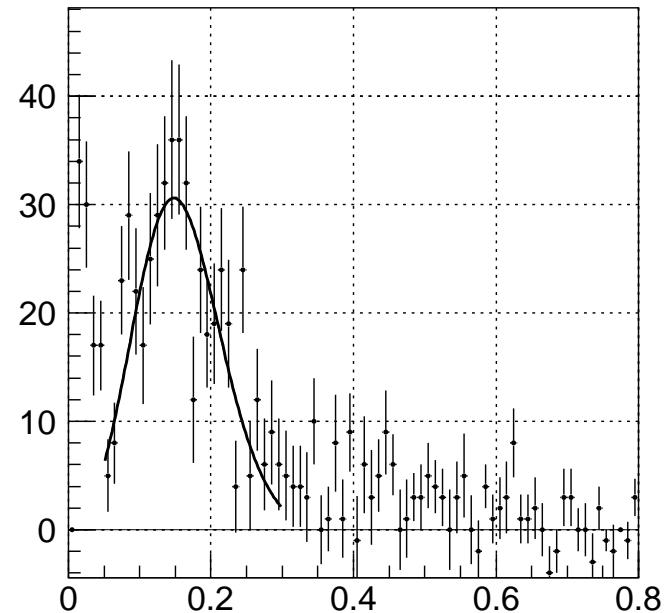
$\Theta^+ \rightarrow p K_S^0$

R. Mizuk *et al.* (Belle), *PLB* **632**, 173–180 (2006)

 $\kappa^+ \text{ int}^{ns}: \bar{D}^0 \rightarrow \kappa^+ \pi^-$

Fermi momentum fit

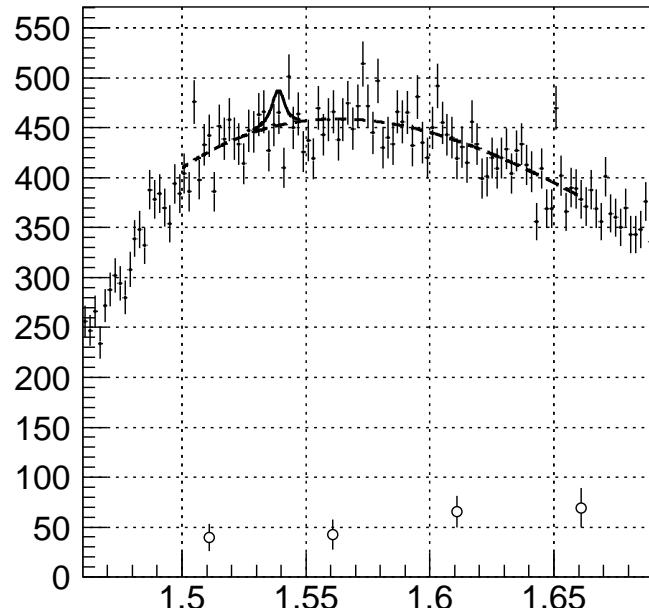

obtain $\Phi_{D^*}^{K^+} \cdot \sigma^{el}$

given $\Phi^{K^+}/\Phi_{D^*}^{K^+}$, σ^{ch}/σ^{el} , $\epsilon_{pK_S^0}/\epsilon_{pK^+}$...

(\vec{p}_F used to solve (\vec{p}, E))

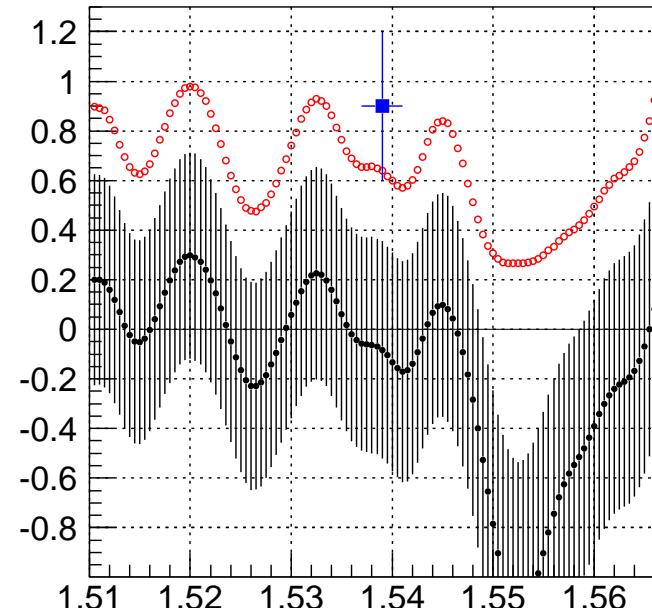
$\Theta^+ \rightarrow p K_S^0$

R. Mizuk *et al.* (Belle), PLB 632, 173–180 (2006)

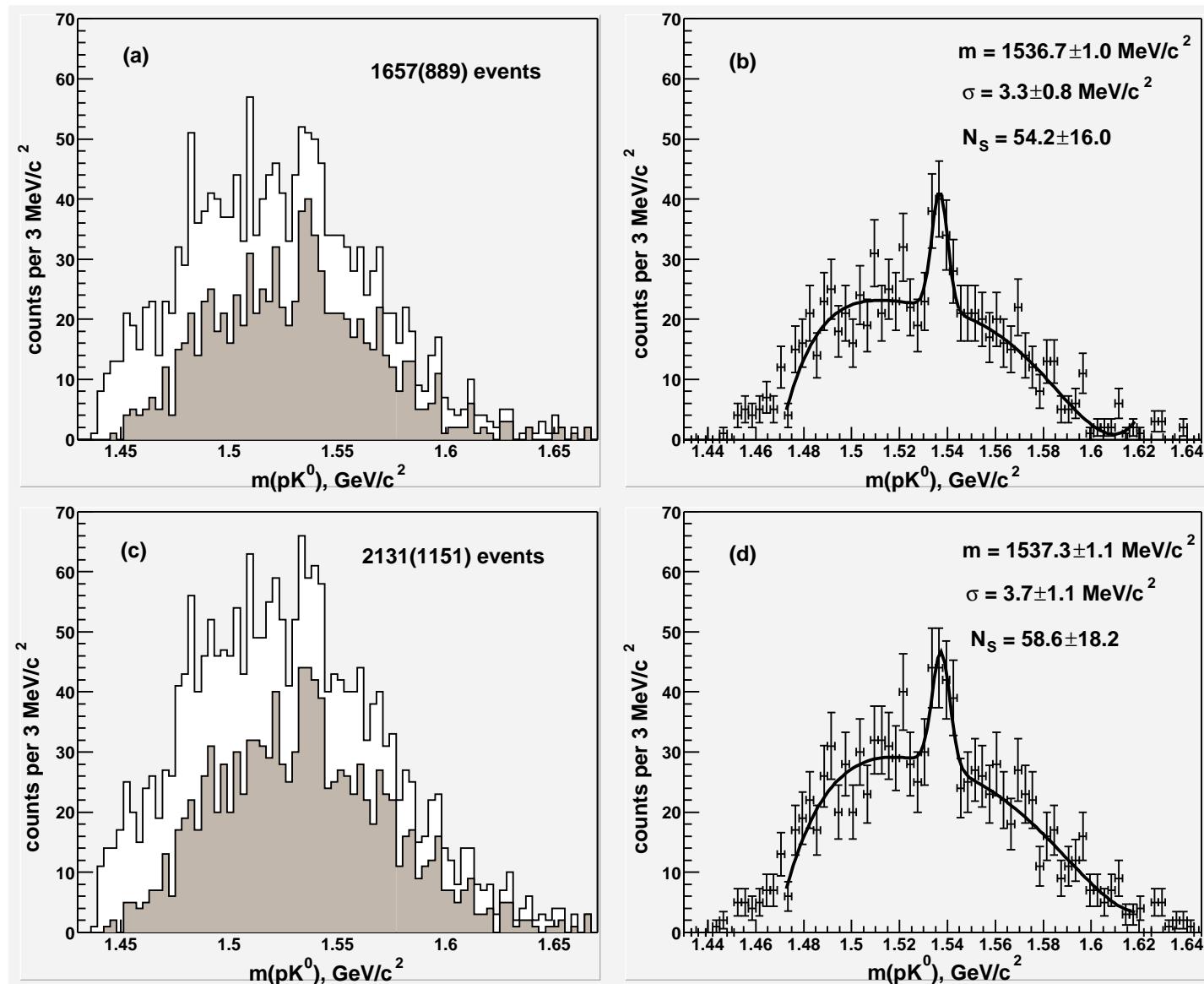
pK_S^0 spectrum



yield and 90% UL: $f(M_{pK_S^0})$



limit on the width $\Gamma(K^+ n \rightarrow \Theta^+ \rightarrow p K_S^0) < 0.64 \text{ MeV}$





- the $\Theta(1540)^+$ and Θ^{*++} are not seen in $B \rightarrow p\bar{p}K$
 - $\mathcal{B}(B \rightarrow \Theta^{(*)}\bar{p}) \times \mathcal{B}(\Theta^{(*)} \rightarrow pK) < O(10^{-7})$
 - these decays are dominated by a low- $M(p\bar{p})$ amplitude
- inclusive e^+e^- prodⁿ rates for strange pentaquarks are low
 - $\sigma(\Theta^+) \lesssim \frac{1}{8} \times \sigma(8, 10, \text{baryons})$; $\sigma(\Xi_5^{--}) < \frac{1}{4} \times \sigma(8, 10)$
 - Ξ_5^- and Ξ_5^0 are not seen, but limits are weaker
- H1's charmed pentaquark $\Theta_c(3100)^0$ has not been seen
 - inclusive sample $100 \times$ H1: excludes hard c & B-decays
 - sensitivity \approx expected rate for normal charmed baryon
- search in pK int^{ns} \implies any $\Theta^+(1540)$ must be narrow
 - inclusive rate low; $\Gamma(K^+n \rightarrow \Theta^+ \rightarrow pK_S^0) < 0.64 \text{ MeV}$
 - does not contradict the new DIANA claim