

# BES-II电子学系统在线刻度

ONLINE GROUP, IHEP

- 电子学系统刻度的目的
- 智能A/D转换插件BADC7001
- 刻度过程
- 台阶，阈值的确定
- 操作规程

# 电子学系统刻度的目的

- 非线性修正，提高测量的精度。
- 定时刻度，校正电子学系统受温度等环境因素的影响，确保系统长时间运行的一致性。
- 随时检查电子学系统各道的状态，以去掉不正常的道或为电子学修复提供依据
- 在线刻度可以简化离线数据分析的处理过程。

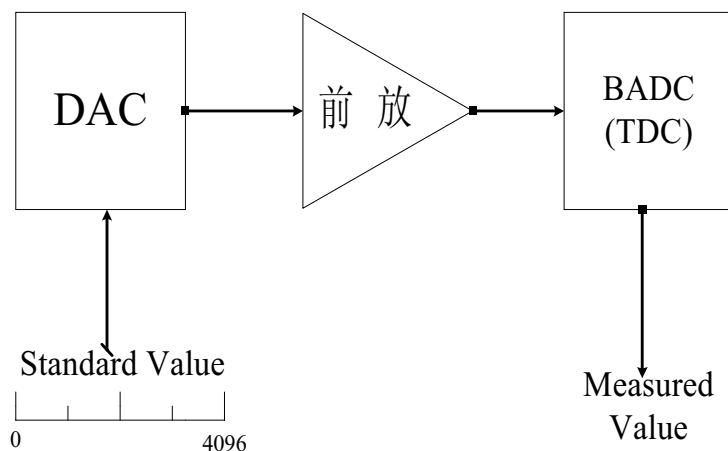
# 智能A/D转换插件BADC7001

- 刻度模式：对每一刻度点，给出平均值和 方差。
- A/D转换模式：
  - ◆ 台阶扣除和零压缩，台阶，阈值。
  - ◆ 非线性修正，修正因子。
  - ◆ VC /TDC1879在线刻度，离线校正。

$$X = \alpha(X - \delta) + \beta(X - \delta)^2$$

# 刻度过程

■ 刻度取数,  $X_i \Leftrightarrow \overline{X_i}, \sigma_{\overline{X_i}}$



| 系统        | 刻度点数 | 测量次数(每点) |
|-----------|------|----------|
| TOF(T, Q) | 6    | 10       |
| MDC(T, Q) | 12   | 10       |
| BSC       | 9    | 10       |
| ESC       | 9    | 10       |
| Mu        | 10   | 10       |
| VC        | 14   | 10       |

刻度过程示意图

刻度点数及测量次数

■ 二次曲线拟合,  $\alpha, \beta, \delta$

# 台阶，阈值的确定

## ■ 台阶取数条件

- ◆ 触发条件，高压状况。
- ◆ BADC为非压缩取数。

## ■ 台阶为20个事例各道平均值，即各道噪声的平均值。

$$\delta = \overline{ADC}$$

## ■ 阈值

$$Threshold = N_{\sigma} \sigma_{\delta}$$

| 系 统       | $N_{\sigma}$ | 阈 值 上 ， 下 限 |
|-----------|--------------|-------------|
| T O F - Q | 3            | 20-40       |
| M D C - Q | 7            | 100-200     |
| B S C     | 3            | 20-40       |
| E S C     | 3            | 20-40       |
| M u o n   | 3            | 20-40       |

# 刻度检查

以下文件（[run.cal.exe]）列出了各系统死道

| 系 统       | 刻 度 结 果           | 台 阶 结 果       |
|-----------|-------------------|---------------|
| VC        | VCCAL.PARERR      |               |
| MDC_T     | DC5CAL.PARERR     |               |
| MDC_Q     | PRE_DC6CAL.PARERR | DC6CAL.PARERR |
| TOF_T & Q | PRE_TOFCAL.PARERR | TOFCAL.PARERR |
| BSC       | PRE_SC8CAL.PARERR | SC8CAL.PARERR |
| ESC       | PRE_SC9CAL.PARERR | SC9CAL.PARERR |
| Mu        | PRE_M10CAL.PARERR | M10CAL.PARERR |

# 电子学刻度操作

- 建立刻度环境

键入命令 **\$V CAL**

- 电子学刻度说明

- 刻度时，要求没有束流，没有其他操作（取数、台阶）。
- 可在任何终端上进行。
- 在操作时，根据命令提示，分别键入Y，Return 或 q，对指定的电子学系统刻度取数。

- 刻度取数命令
  - 键入 \$CALACQ命令，进行刻度取数。
    - 在sys\$fast队列上，将递交相应的作业：subcal\_tof, subcal\_mdc, subcal\_sc, subcal\_mu\_vtx。
- 刻度检查（*不能忽略*）
  - 键入 \$ SH\_CAL命令
    - 显示刻度进行状态。
    - 刻度作业完成后，应首先检查刻度取数是否有读出，各点的平均值是否等量递增。
  - 键入 \$ SH\_DEADNO命令，显示各系统死道总数。
    - 如果某一系统死道过多，需对该系统重新刻度，或找ON-CALL人员解决。

刻度检查正常后，通知中控室注入，注入成功后，加高压。进行台阶取数。

- 台阶取数

- 键入\$ PEDACQ 命令台阶取数。

- 注意：高压，对撞

- 键入\$ PEDUPD命令，刻度常数更新。

- 刻度直方图

- 键入\$ CALHBK 命令, 产生 HBOOK 文件。

- 键入\$ HBKSCR命令，屏幕出图。显示在 X\_terminal。

- 键入\$ HBKPLT命令，激光打印机打印出图。

# 刻度文件检查

- 刻度作业完成后，在[RUN]根目录下生成相应的LOG文件，可使用SH\_CAL命令查看。LOG文件如下：
  - SUBCAL\_TOF.LOG
  - SUBCAL\_MDC.LOG
  - SUBCAL\_SC.LOG
  - SUBCAL\_MU\_VTX.LOG
- 检查要点
  - 网络连接正常
  - 测量点等差增长
  - 产生刻度常数文件

# SUBCAL\_TOF.LOG(文件)

Binary DATABASE successfully read

Please wait for NETWORK connection..

.

NETWORK connection ok, PORT = 5010



网络连接  
正常

SYS = TOF CALACQ starting...

Begin TOF\_T\_Calibration Loop -- Mode= 0

PNT= 1 quad1 MEAN= 1257;  
PNT= 1 quad2 MEAN= 1290;  
PNT= 1 quad3 MEAN= 1310;  
PNT= 1 quad4 MEAN= 1262;  
PNT= 1 quad5 MEAN= 1371;  
PNT= 1 quad6 MEAN= 1312;

PNT= 2 quad1 MEAN= 1684;  
PNT= 2 quad2 MEAN= 1706;  
PNT= 2 quad3 MEAN= 1744;  
PNT= 2 quad4 MEAN= 1681;  
PNT= 2 quad5 MEAN= 1800;  
PNT= 2 quad6 MEAN= 1742;

PNT= 3 quad1 MEAN= 2122;  
PNT= 3 quad2 MEAN= 2128;  
PNT= 3 quad3 MEAN= 2179;  
PNT= 3 quad4 MEAN= 2107;  
PNT= 3 quad5 MEAN= 2228;  
PNT= 3 quad6 MEAN= 2173;

PNT= 4 quad1 MEAN= 2574;  
PNT= 4 quad2 MEAN= 2563;  
PNT= 4 quad3 MEAN= 2625;  
PNT= 4 quad4 MEAN= 2546;  
PNT= 4 quad5 MEAN= 2668;  
PNT= 4 quad6 MEAN= 2616;

PNT= 5 quad1 MEAN= 2994;  
PNT= 5 quad2 MEAN= 2970;  
PNT= 5 quad3 MEAN= 3037;  
PNT= 5 quad4 MEAN= 2956;  
PNT= 5 quad5 MEAN= 3078;  
PNT= 5 quad6 MEAN= 3028;

PNT= 6 quad1 MEAN= 3397;  
PNT= 6 quad2 MEAN= 3364;  
PNT= 6 quad3 MEAN= 3434;  
PNT= 6 quad4 MEAN= 3351;  
PNT= 6 quad5 MEAN= 3472;  
PNT= 6 quad6 MEAN= 3426;

Worst ch: MEAN= 1117 DEV= 7 10TIMES  
Worst ch: MEAN= 1207 DEV= 2 10TIMES  
Worst ch: MEAN= 1047 DEV= 3 10TIMES  
Worst ch: MEAN= 1131 DEV= 3 10TIMES  
Worst ch: MEAN= 1248 DEV= 3 10TIMES  
Worst ch: MEAN= 1148 DEV= 4 10TIMES

Worst ch: MEAN= 1545 DEV= 7 10TIMES  
Worst ch: MEAN= 1667 DEV= 2 10TIMES  
Worst ch: MEAN= 1519 DEV= 2 10TIMES  
Worst ch: MEAN= 1572 DEV= 3 10TIMES  
Worst ch: MEAN= 1686 DEV= 3 10TIMES  
Worst ch: MEAN= 1412 DEV= 4 10TIMES

Worst ch: MEAN= 2319 DEV= 7 9TIMES  
Worst ch: MEAN= 2064 DEV= 1 10TIMES  
Worst ch: MEAN= 2212 DEV= 2 10TIMES  
Worst ch: MEAN= 2019 DEV= 2 10TIMES  
Worst ch: MEAN= 2330 DEV= 3 10TIMES  
Worst ch: MEAN= 2001 DEV= 4 10TIMES

Worst ch: MEAN= 2477 DEV= 7 9TIMES  
Worst ch: MEAN= 2502 DEV= 1 10TIMES  
Worst ch: MEAN= 2608 DEV= 1 10TIMES  
Worst ch: MEAN= 2679 DEV= 1 10TIMES  
Worst ch: MEAN= 2758 DEV= 3 10TIMES  
Worst ch: MEAN= 2443 DEV= 4 10TIMES

Worst ch: MEAN= 3122 DEV= 7 10TIMES  
Worst ch: MEAN= 2915 DEV= 1 10TIMES  
Worst ch: MEAN= 3034 DEV= 1 10TIMES  
Worst ch: MEAN= 3129 DEV= 1 10TIMES  
Worst ch: MEAN= 3151 DEV= 3 10TIMES  
Worst ch: MEAN= 2800 DEV= 4 10TIMES

Worst ch: MEAN= 3499 DEV= 5 10TIMES  
Worst ch: MEAN= 3320 DEV= 1 10TIMES  
Worst ch: MEAN= 3446 DEV= 1 10TIMES  
Worst ch: MEAN= 3402 DEV= 1 10TIMES  
Worst ch: MEAN= 3528 DEV= 3 10TIMES  
Worst ch: MEAN= 3228 DEV= 4 10TIMES

等  
量  
增  
长

Directory BESAXP\$DKA300:[RUN.CAL.EXE]

TOFCAL.SAV;210            136    5-JAN-2000  
14:16:10.81 (RWED,RWED,RE,)

Total of 1 file, 136 blocks.

Binary DATABASE successfully read

SYS = TOF CALUPD starting...

Directory BESAXP\$DKA300:[RUN.CAL.DB]

PRE TOF1.DAT;102            2    5-JAN-2000  
14:16:16.97 (RWED,RWED,RE,)

Total of 1 file, 2 blocks.

5-JAN-2000 14:16:17



生成的刻度文件

# SC8CAL.PARERR

SYS = 8 CHAN= 1968     ALPHA overflow !  
SYS = 8 CHAN= 2474     ALPHA overflow !  
SYS = 8 CHAN= 4007     ALPHA overflow !  
SYS = 8 CHAN= 4075     ALPHA overflow !  
SYS = 8 CHAN= 6304     ALPHA overflow !

刻度  
情况

失败原因

5 CHANs CAL\_PARA\_UPD failed

PED\_UPD failed at SYS= 8 CHAN= 61     MEAN is zero or negative!  
PED\_UPD failed at SYS= 8 CHAN= 5299 MEAN is zero or negative!  
PED\_UPD failed at SYS= 8 CHAN= 5553 MEAN is zero or negative!  
PED\_UPD failed at SYS= 8 CHAN= 6233 MEAN is zero or negative!

台阶  
情况

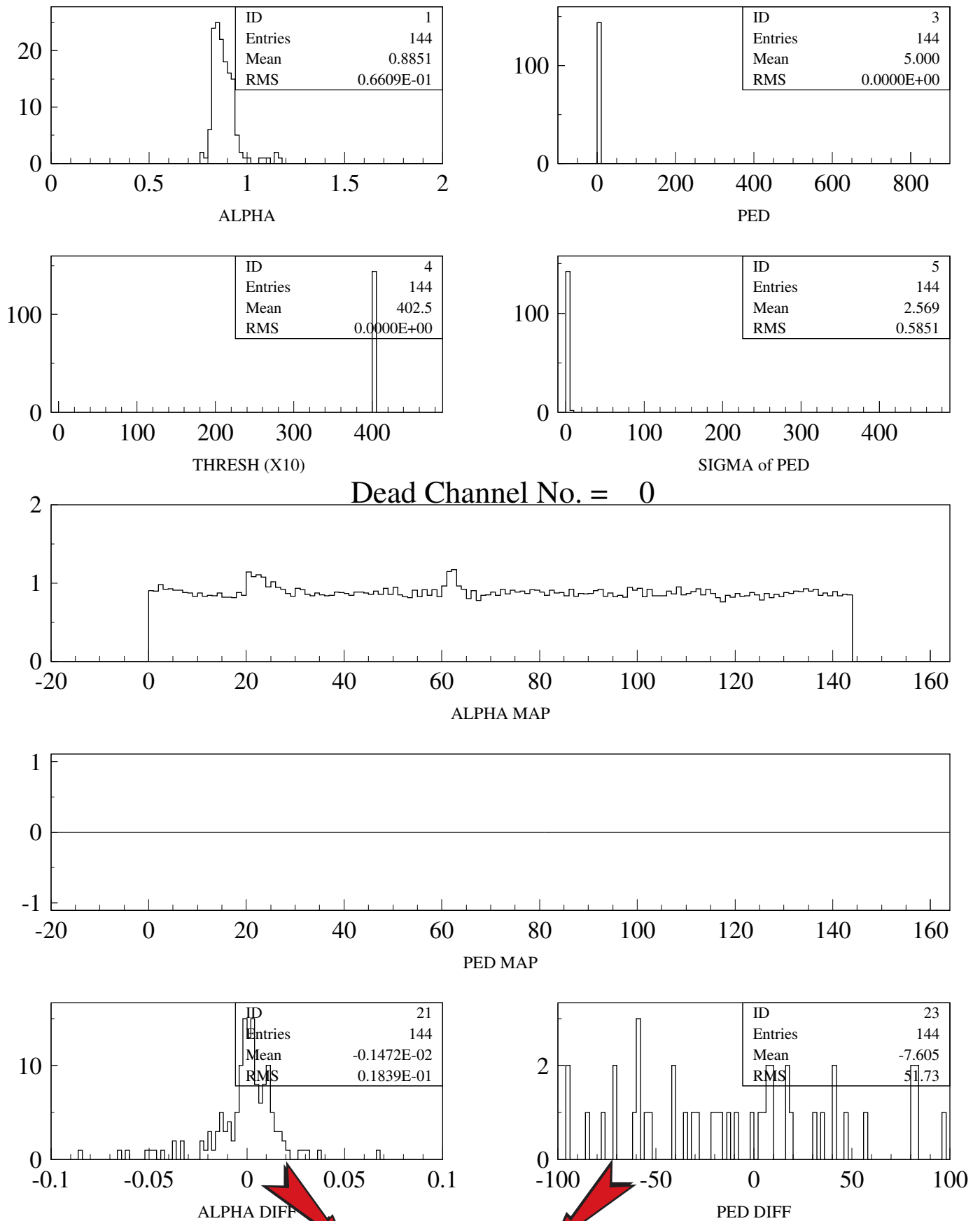
5 CHANs CAL\_PARA\_UPD failed

4 CHANs PEDESTAL\_UPD failed

Totally     9 CHANs calibrating failed

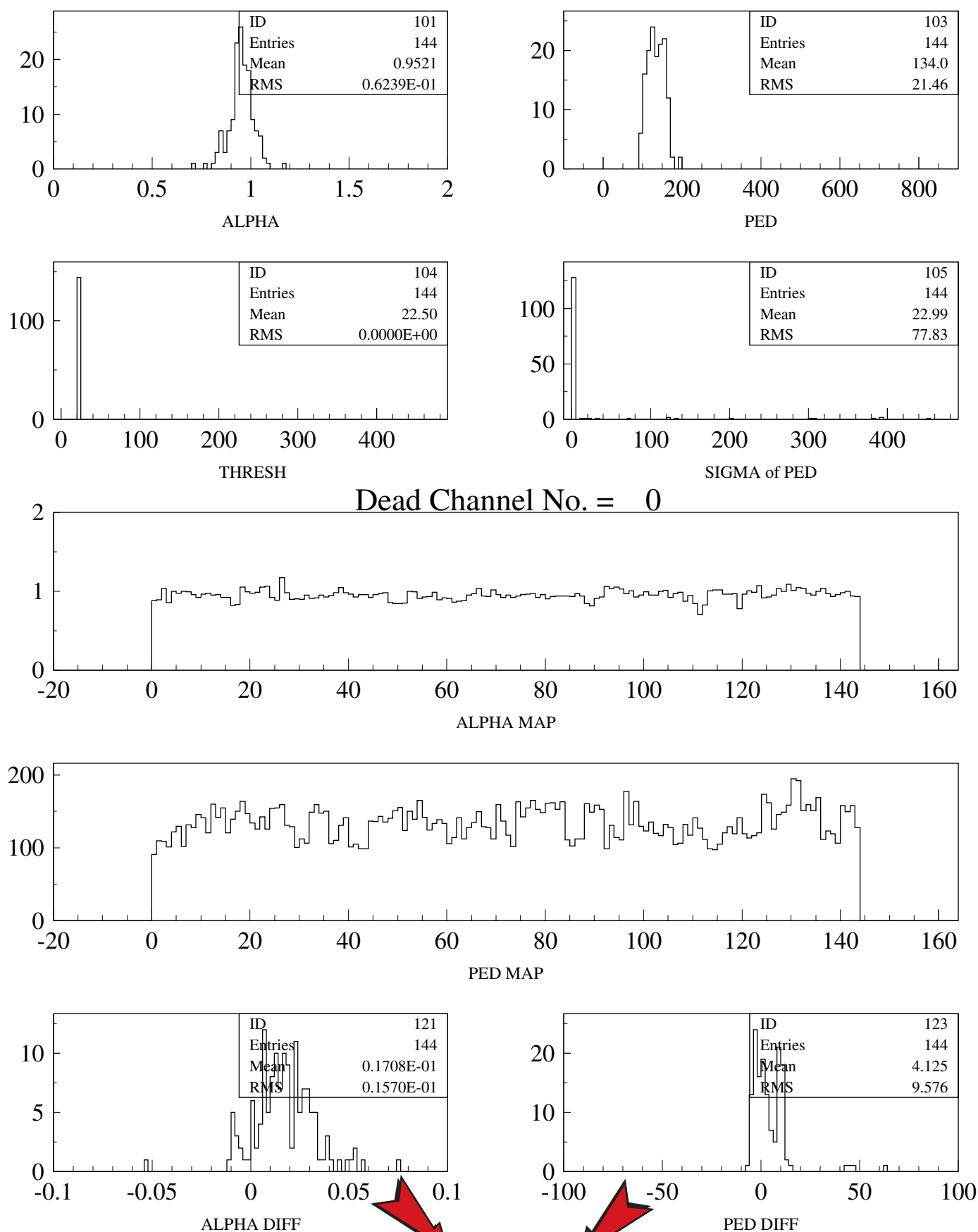
失败道数

## Calibration of TOFT (25-FEB-1997 16:00)



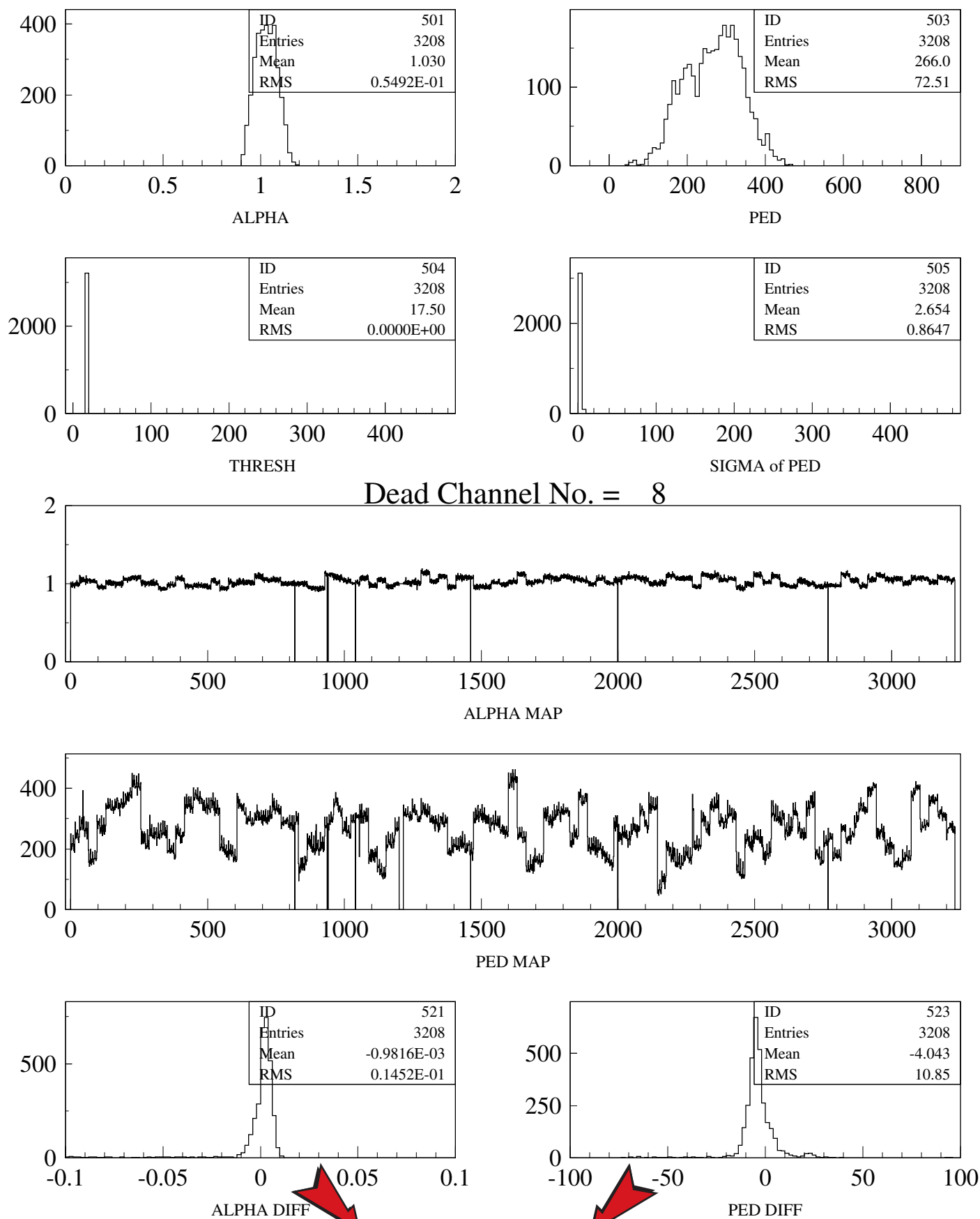
Compared with the standard value

## Calibration of TOFQ (25-FEB-1997 16:00)



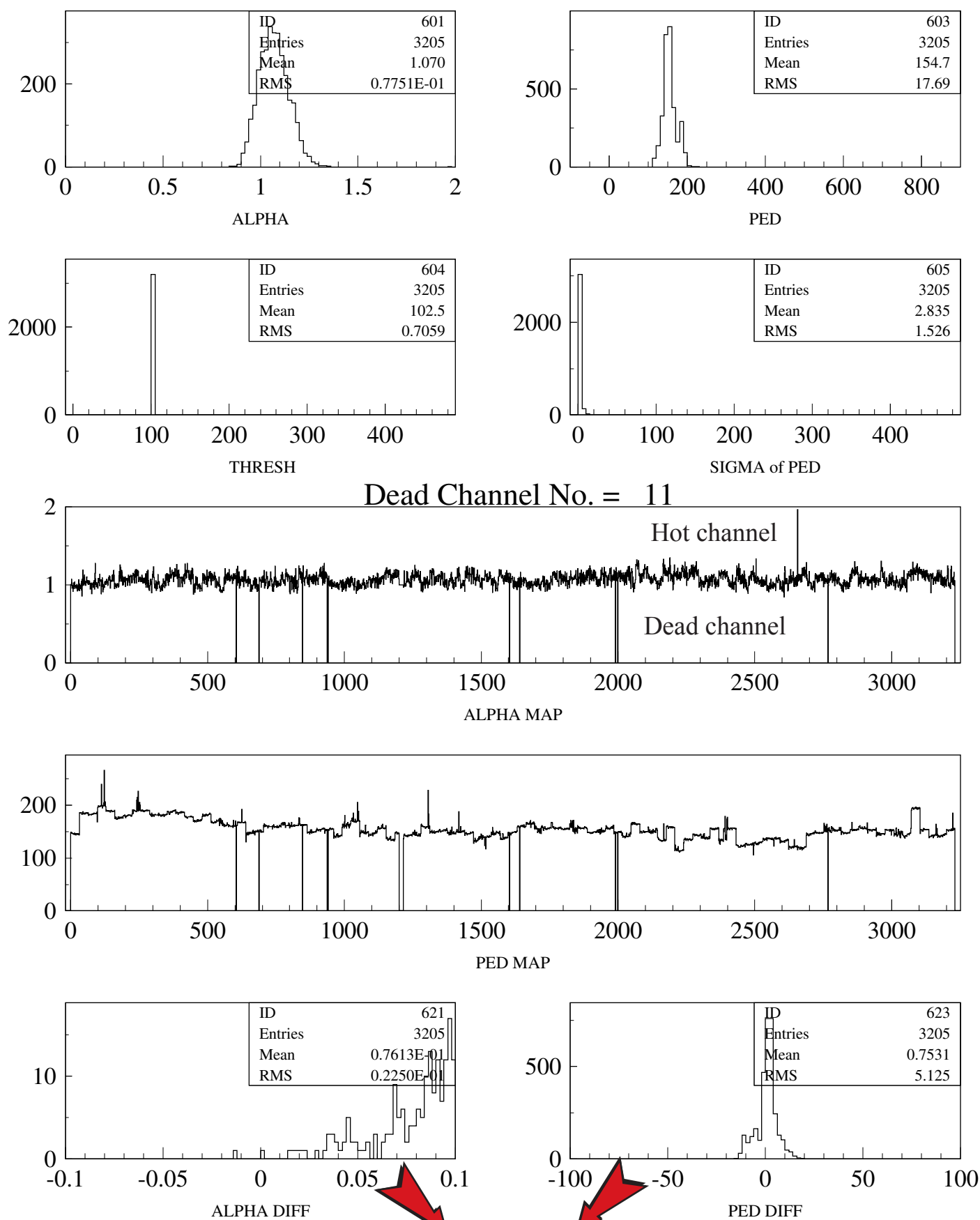
Compared with the standard value

# Calibration of MDCT (25-FEB-1997 09:15)



Compared with the standard value

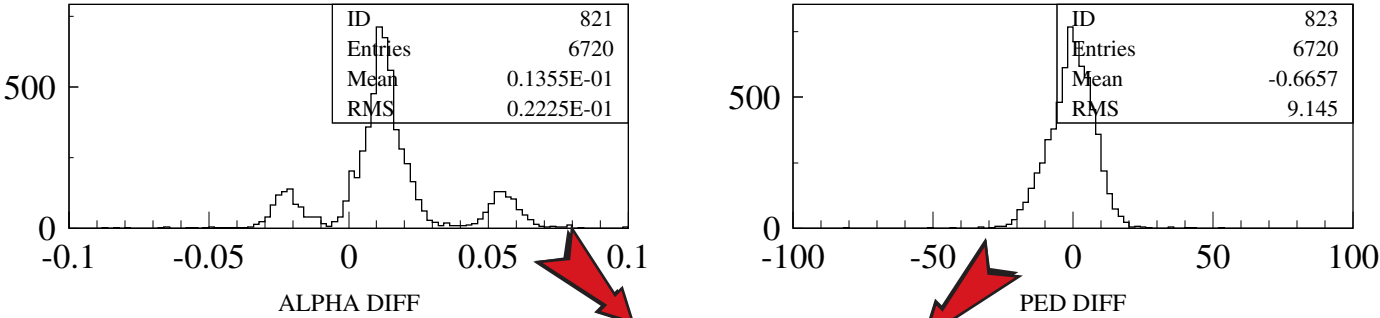
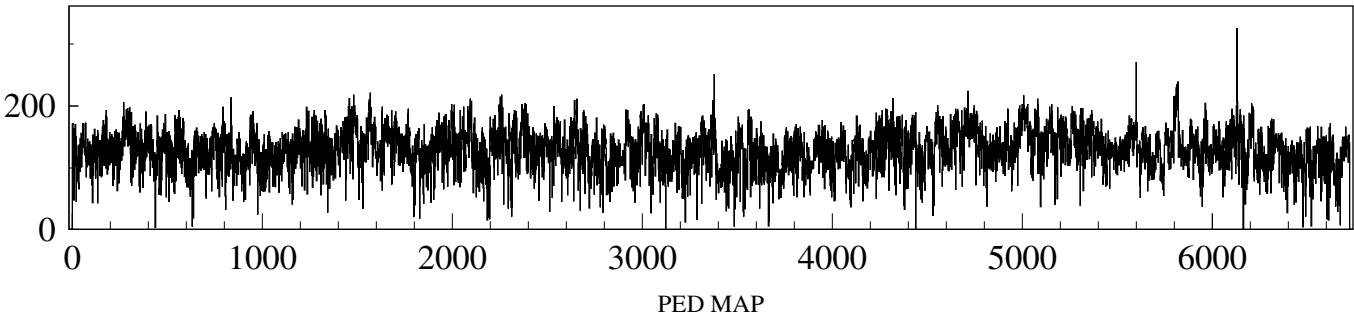
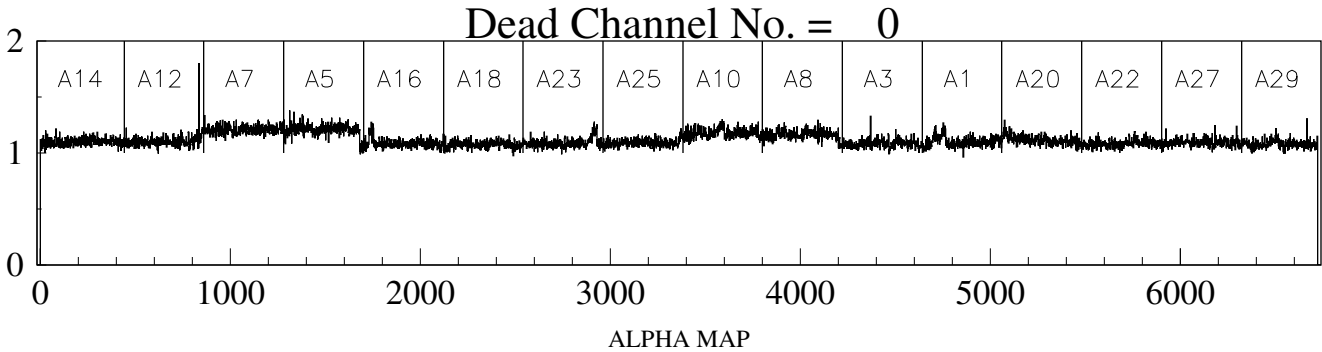
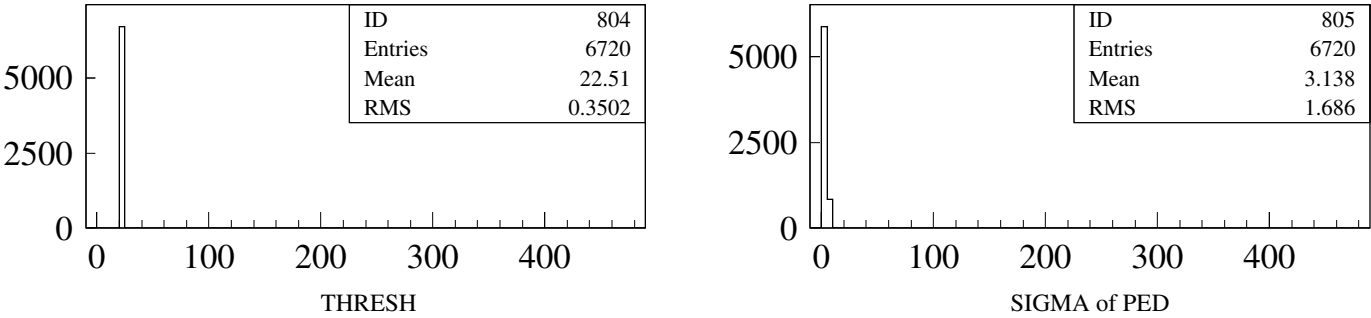
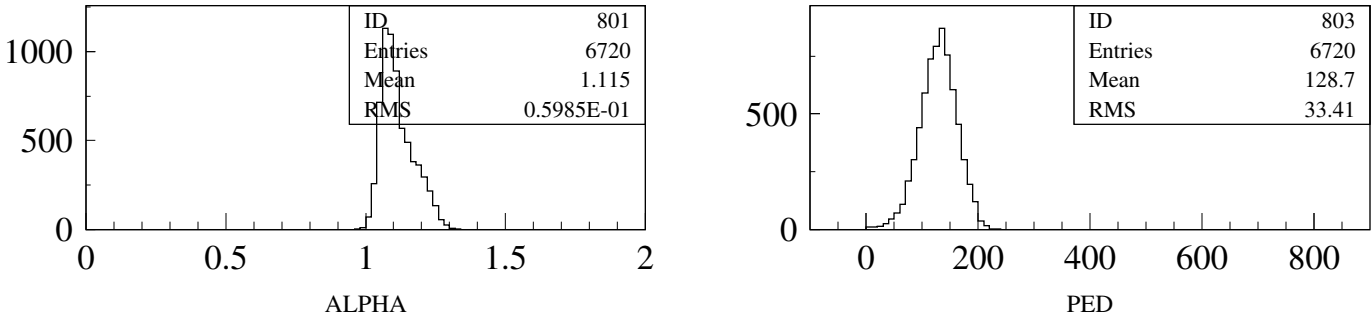
# Calibration of MDCE (25-FEB-1997 16:01)



Compared with the standard value

fig. 5

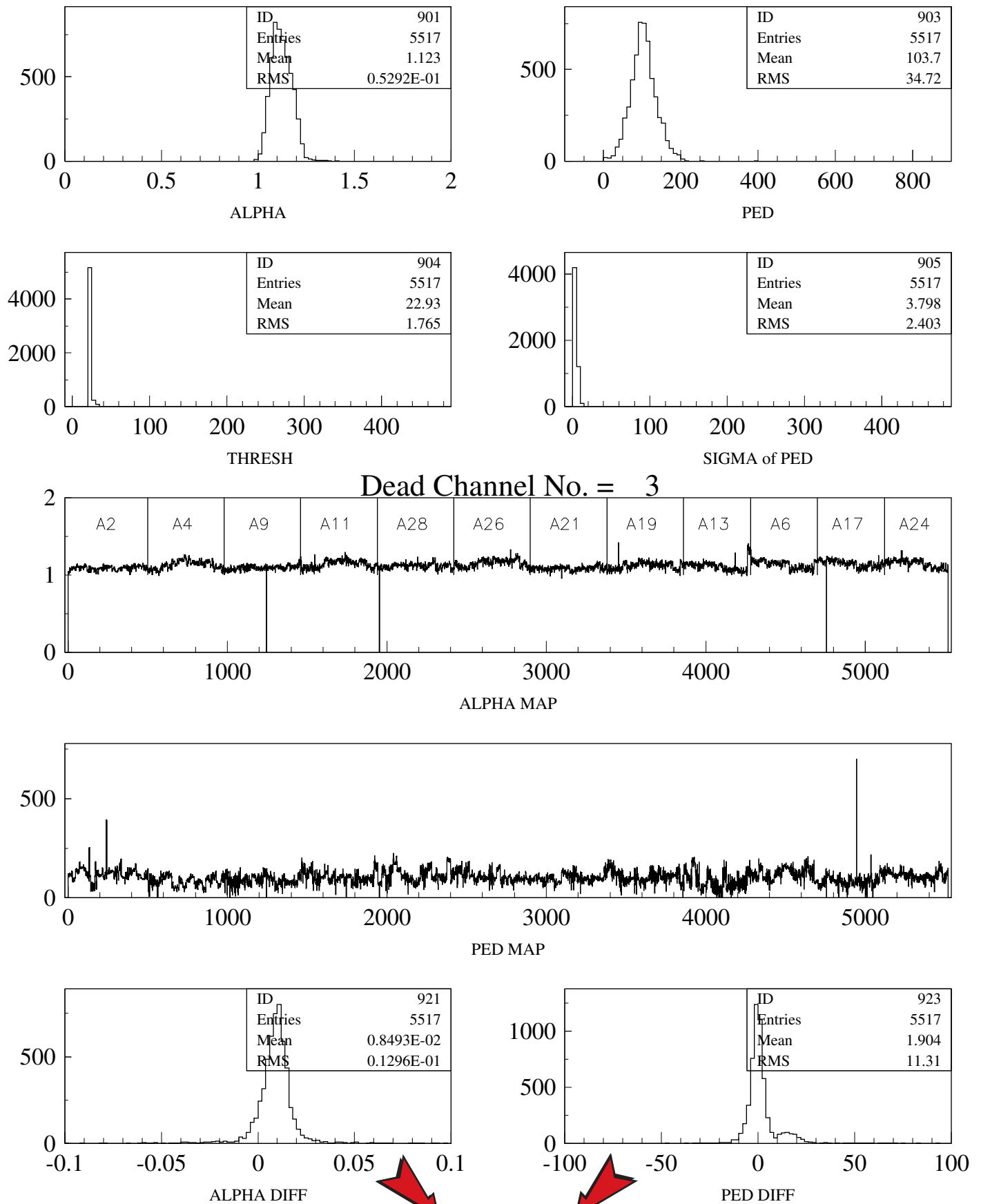
# Calibration of BSC (25-FEB-1997 16:01)



Compared with the standard value

fig. 6

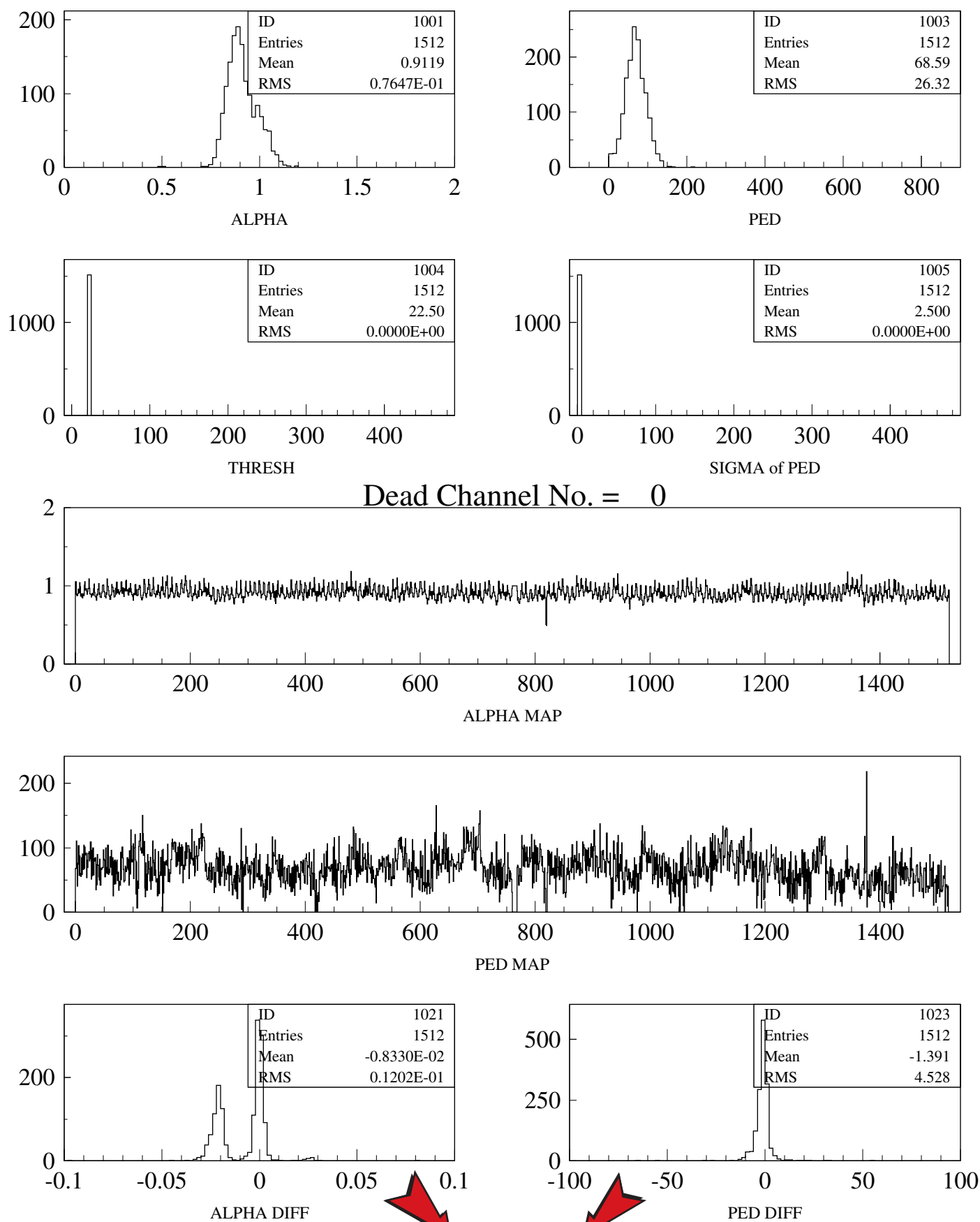
## Calibration of ESC (25-FEB-1997 16:01)



Compared with the standard value

fig. 7

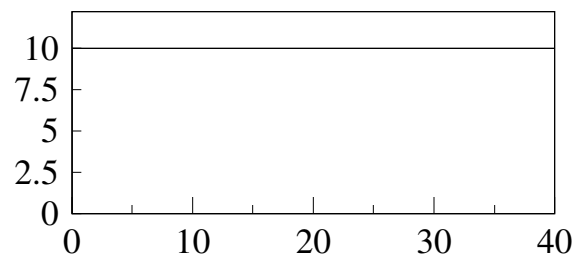
## Calibration of MU (25-FEB-1997 16:01)



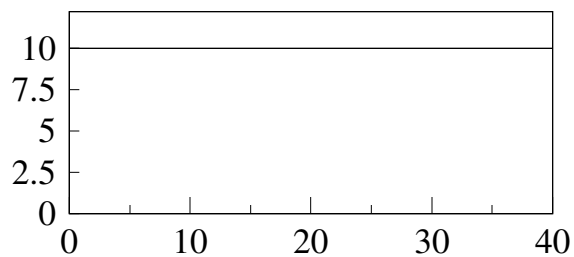
Compared with the standard value

fig.8

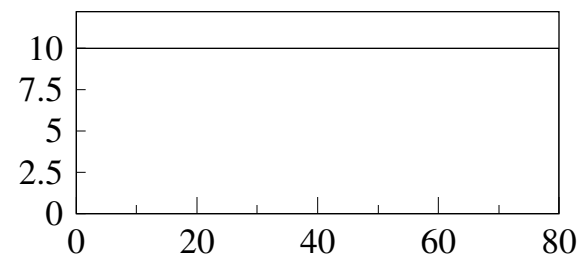
# Calibration of VC ( 4-JAN-2000 13:49)



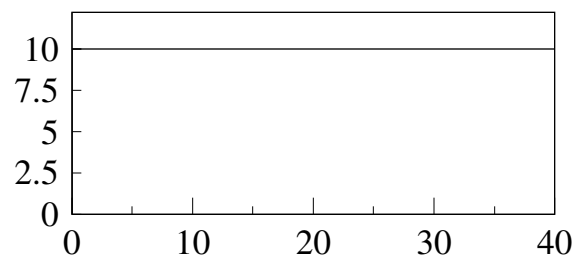
Hit Map of Layer 1



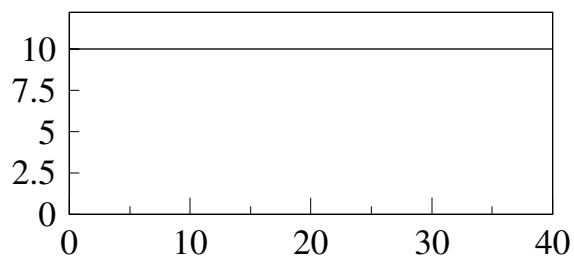
Hit Map of Layer 5



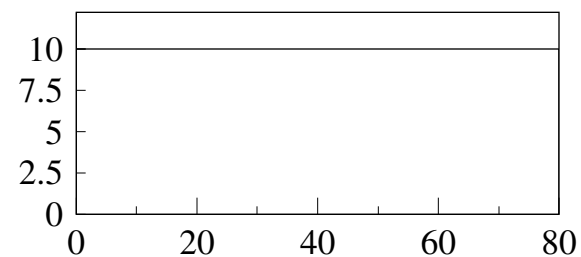
Hit Map of Layer 9



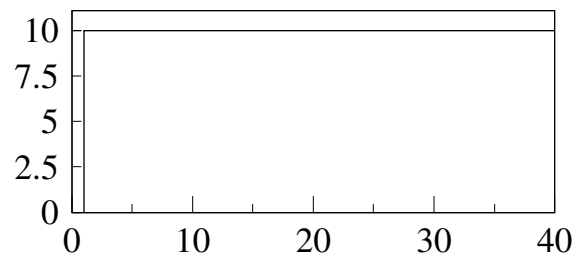
Hit Map of Layer 2



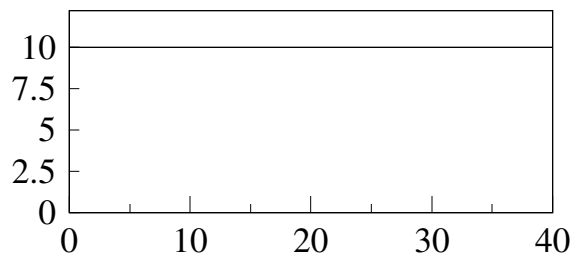
Hit Map of Layer 6



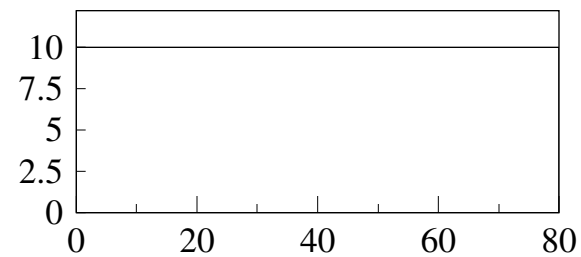
Hit Map of Layer 10



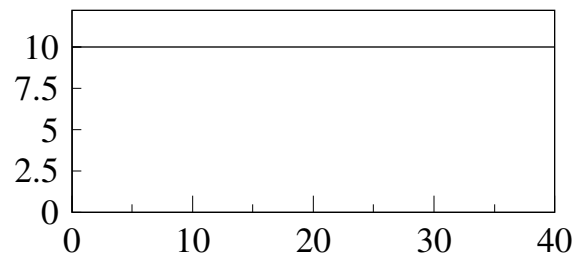
Hit Map of Layer 3



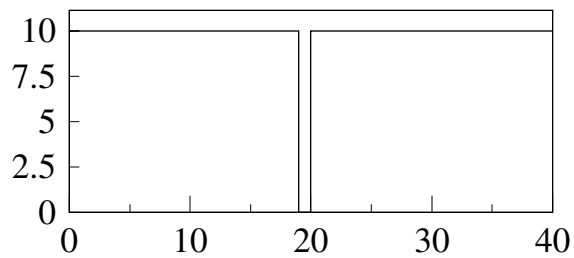
Hit Map of Layer 7



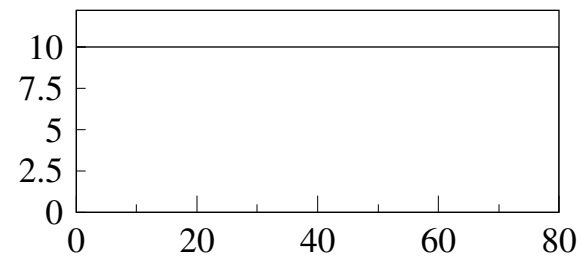
Hit Map of Layer 11



Hit Map of Layer 4



Hit Map of Layer 8



Hit Map of Layer 12

fig. 9

Calibration of VC ( 4-JAN-2000 13:49)

Calibration Failed No. = 2

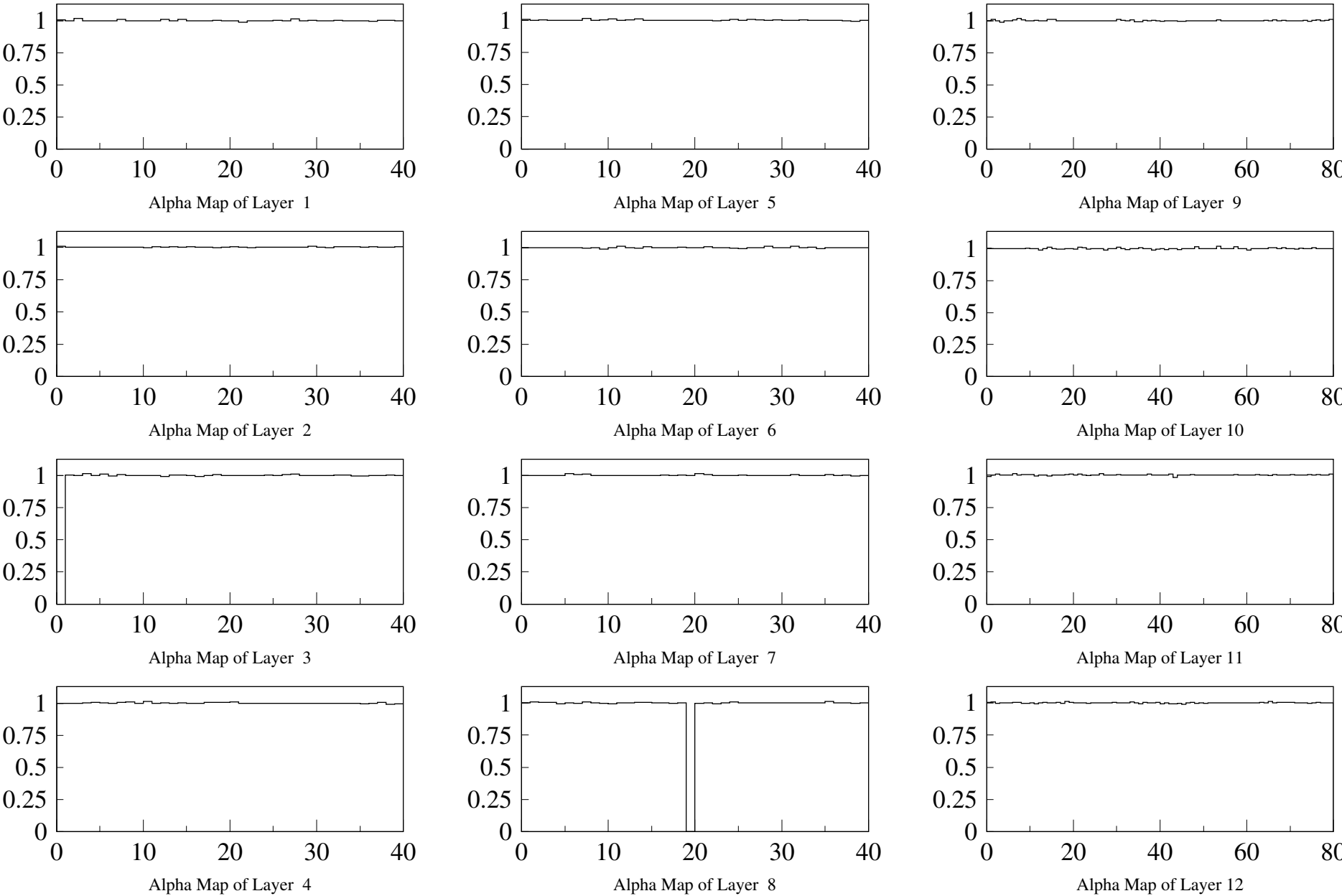
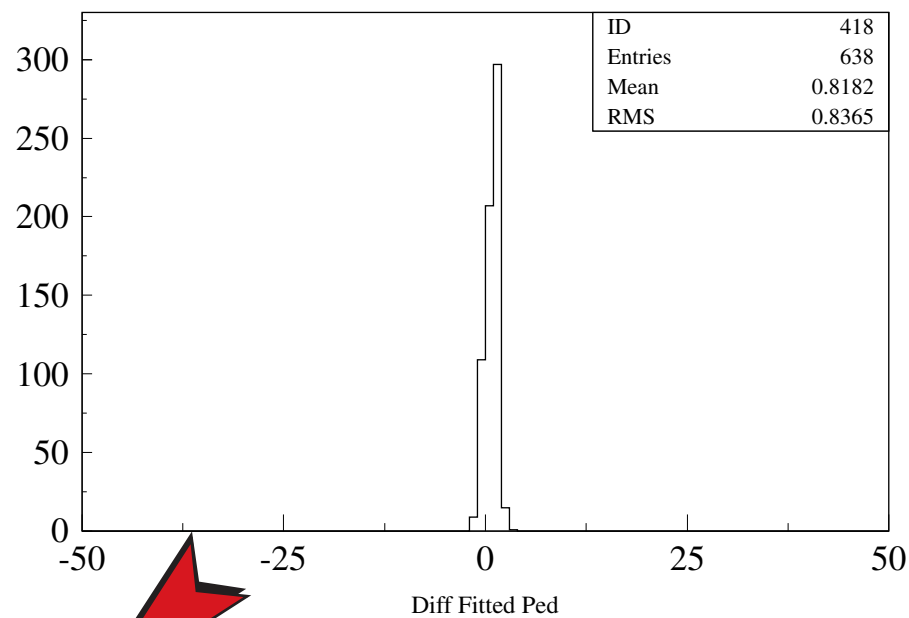
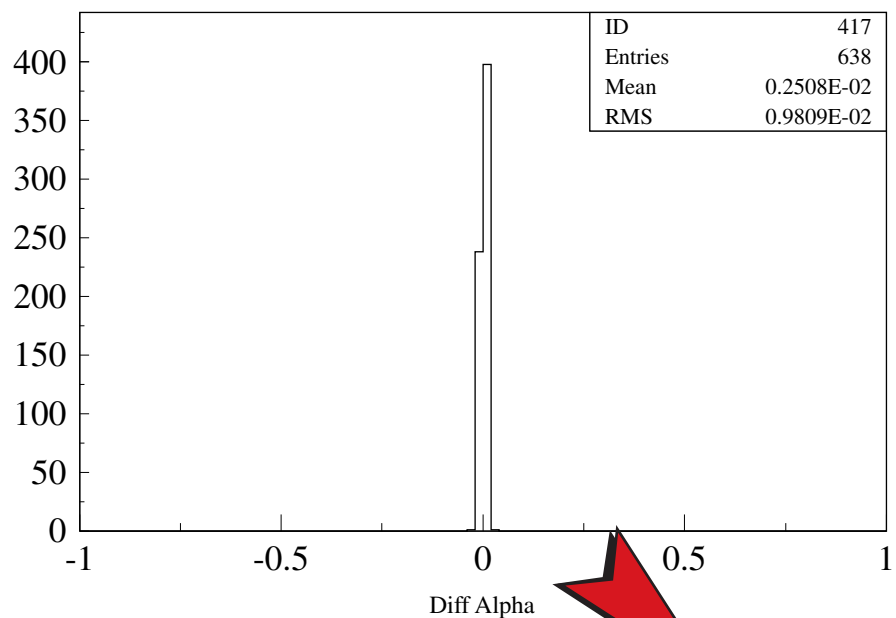
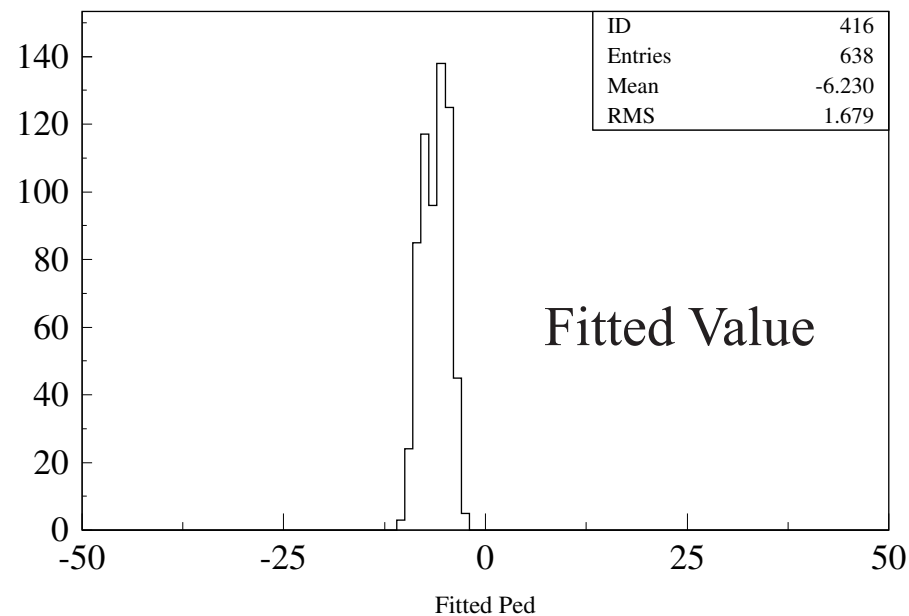
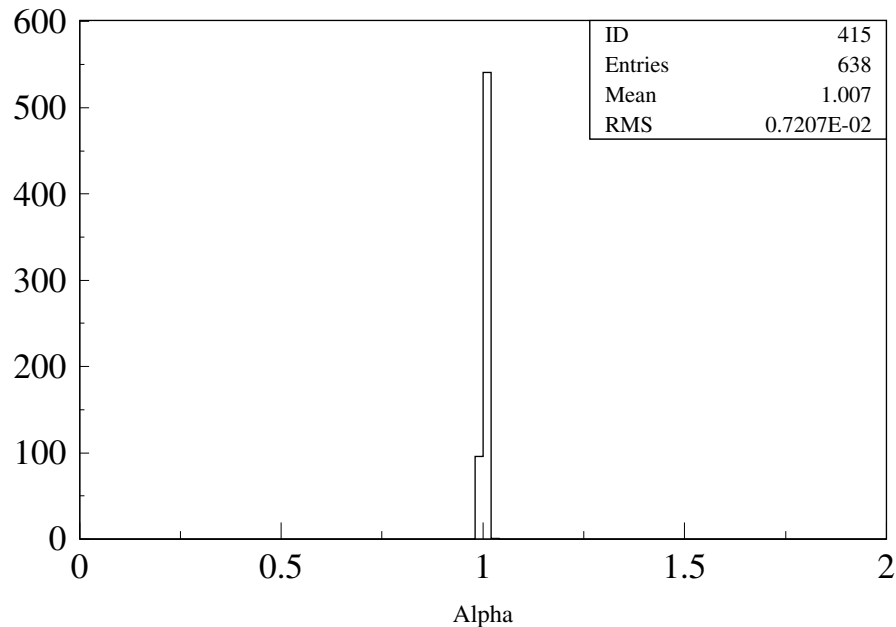


fig. 10

# Calibration of VC ( 4-JAN-2000 13:49)



Compared with the standard value